PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.
PUBLISHED DAILY BY THE PITTSBURGH NEWSPAPER AND PRINTING COMPANY.
OFFICE, 76 FIFTH STREET, (OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.)
C. D. BRIGHAM, . . . . . Editor.
R. D. THOMPSON, . . . Business Manager.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
Single Copy..... 3 Cents.
Delivered by Carrier, (per week)..... 25 Cents.
Mail Subscribers, (per year)..... $10 00.
Address THE COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

### Religious Intelligence.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH.—The religious services which have been held in this church during this week were very fully attended, and of the most impressive character. A serious and earnest religious purpose marks the congregation and the services. The meetings will be continued during the coming week. On Monday afternoon, at three o'clock, a Mother's Prayer Meeting will be held. These services are in the church, on Hand street. To-morrow the pastor, Rev. Henry D. Moore, will preach in the Academy of Music, at the usual hours of service. In the evening the sermon will be addressed especially to mothers and to young women, concerning their duty and their influence in these times of revival.

BIBLE REVISION.—The friends of Bible Revision propose organizing a society, auxiliary to the American Bible Union, on Tuesday next, at the new chapel of the First Baptist Church, in this city. A business meeting will be held at 10 o'clock, A. M. In the evening addresses will be delivered by distinguished friends of the cause, among others Rev. Thomas Armitage, D. D., a prominent divine of New York.

BETHEL WORK.—The Western Seamen's Friend Society has been engaged, for many years, in the benevolent work of ministering to the intellectual, religious and social wants of the people who transact business upon the great waters, and even of those who have been engaged in the no less important labor of conducting our railroads. It has lately started up to a yet more vigorous effort. Its field has been rearranged, and new appliances are about to be put into operation. Rev. J. A. Swaney, of the Pittsburgh Conference, who was some time in a Seamen's chaplaincy, in South America, has been appointed one of the Secretaries, with a district reaching through Eastern Ohio, West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania. This is the initiatory step towards what is contemplated for all the West.

Rev. Reed Dallas, the former efficient Chaplain in the port of Pittsburgh, has been again appointed to this place, and will be assisted by the Rev. Mr. Johnson. Mr. Dallas spent the last year in Cleveland in abundant and most successful labors. He always makes his mark, though now without a place for preaching, he is diligently preparing for his work, and our citizens may expect to hear from him ere long. We are persuaded they feel an abiding interest in the noble work, which Western Seamen's Friend Society is steadily pushing forward.

THE NOONDAY PRAYER MEETING, at the First Methodist Church, Fifth street, is still more largely attended than ever, although several similar assemblages in other parts of the city convene at the same hour. The incidents of the meetings are various and some of them remarkable. Among the special requests yesterday were the following: "A sister for a dear young brother, that he might become a Christian;" "A friend for four young persons who were they are sinners, but who do not *feel* their need of a Saviour;" "A young convert for a particular friend who is an infidel;" "A Sabbath School teacher for her class, two of whom have already been influenced by the Holy Spirit;" A lady for some young friends who are making an effort to establish a prayer meeting among the factory girls;" "A brother for the immediate conversion of an absent young other;" "A young friend for the conversion his father's family of nine persons of whom is the only Christian;" "Two young persons for a gentleman and his wife who are both members of the church, but apparently different about the privileges of the Gospel;" A stranger for a husband, companion and daily son," &c.

We have specified only the *just* here in each request above-named, and would just here suggest to persons making such requests, that they write them in as few words as possible, inasmuch as considerable time is lost by superfluous language, especially since so many are on the leader's table every day for attention. Reference was made to these earnest seeds of prayer by different speakers, and the subject of them tenderly presented at the close of grace. The responses are seen in tears, rather than heard in amens, and the exercises most orderly and impressive every day. Frequently mention is made of direct answers to previous prayers in behalf of subjects presented at the noonday meeting.

The music employed is that of familiar social tunes, sometimes led, with the piano, by a person, but oftener by volunteers in different parts of the crowded room. Sometimes the effect of the singing is imposing, when such words as "Come to Jesus just now," "The Ninety and Nine," or "Sweet Hour of Prayer" are made to rise above the noises of the street and fill the sanctuary with the harmonies of praise.

Generally the leader is a young layman of the one of the evangelical churches, and not frequently a very recent convert to Christianity. But the timid manner and trembling tone of such young disciples, "standing up for Jesus," adds much to the beauty and impressiveness of the service. If we should indulge in a criticism at all it would only be this: That sometimes too many verses of scripture are read, it would be much more profitable to select gospel themes as are presented, in from one to ten verses, and to read the brief, pointed passage in a tone loud enough to be heard throughout the entire audience. In a meeting for social prayer, comments on scripture read are hardly as appropriate as in other social religious services, unless it be such overwhelming heart-utterances as we have heard from the lips of speakers at, on a single occasion, the made both exposition and application of the word. The voices of young converts are always the most impressive in the meeting, when if their words be broken. Indeed we have thought at times that the Church should, in some way, beforehand, encourage their young men, respectively, to take upon themselves the responsibilities of the meeting, and come praying for strength to pray and speak. Some of yesterday's requests will be remembered by most and remembered longer, are those of the young man who rose and said the prayer of his mother, patiently continued for forty-five years, but has been answered in his own heart, by the conscious peace of his s.

The ministers of the different denominations in about equally represented. Several harddrking pastors we see present every day; and their presence, even if they speak not a word, always adds interest to the exercises and encouragement to the young people with whom they have so often talked and prayed in other places during the winter. The attendance of males is large and regular, in all weathers, rain or shine, the same. We would urge any persons who have not yet visited the Monday noonday meeting on Fifth street, to do so without delay, for it is one of the most remarkable events of the day, and is daily repeated.

REV. S. M. HICKMAN, the newly appointed pastor of the M. E. Church, South Common Allegheny, is a valuable acquisition to the ministerial talent of the city, being a faithful pastor as well as an able preacher. He is thus spoken of by the *Independent*, Massillon, Ohio, a field of his recent labors: "During his sojourn with us, Mr. Hickman has by his genial manner and gentlemanly deportment made many of friends who would gladly have looked upon his cheerful countenance and listened to his earnest teachings for a long time to come, but the powers that be have seen proper to transfer him to a larger field, and we congratulate the church of Allegheny on the fact that their loss is their gain."

REV. GILBERT HAVEN, A distinguished traveller and writer, and one of the New York *Independent's* regular contributors, has been electeditor of *Zion's Herald*, an independent journal published in Boston, in the interest of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Haven is a thorough radical in political matters, and a strident worker in ecclesiastical reform.

THE Methodist Episcopal Church, South, at session of its Baltimore Conference, has settled the question of its name to be henceforth, "The Episcopal Methodist Church," at the same time decided in favor of lay representation. The Methodist Protestant Church, which, including the Maryland and Southern Conference will, in all probability, ere long unite with the Episcopal Methodist Church, as their views, both politically and ecclesiastically, well as doctrinally, now agree.

THE regular monthly meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held in the lecture Room of the First Methodist Church, on Fifth street, this evening, at 7½ o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

REV. GEORGE BROWN, D. D., one of the leaders of the Methodist Protestant Church, will preach to-morrow morning at 10:30, in the Methodist Church, Fifth street, (Mr. Clark's,) Rev. H. B. Knight, of Cleveland, will address the same congregation at 7 P. M., in behalf of the freedmen. There have been about fifty accessions to this church within the last few weeks.

THE revival interest still continues without abatement in the church of Rev. Herrick Johnson, (Third Presbyterian,) and also in the Congregational Church, Rev. H. D. Moore's. Many other churches are sharing the same influence, and hundreds are being converted. Even the prisoners in the jail are asking for prayers and praying for spiritual advisers.

REV. Dr. Cookman, of Philadelphia, and at one time pastor of Christ M. E. Church, Penn Square, visited Pittsburgh last week, preaching on the Sabbath morning and evening to his former congregation, and spending a few days among friends. He is universally beloved on account of his amiable Christian spirit.

THE Cincinnati Protestants are indignant at the noise and parade of the Roman Catholics on St. Patrick's day. The Evangelical Ministerial Association of that city have passed resolutions expressing impatience, and the religious newspapers of Protestant denominations are loud in their complaints. St. Patrick must keep quiet or he will wake up snakes!

THE revival in the Methodist church at Allestown still continues. Rev. D. I. K. Rine, pastor, has received upwards of one hundred and fifty members since November last.

The *Catholic World*, published by Lawrence Kehoe, New York, enters upon a new volume with the April number. It is a large monthly magazine, filled with very entertaining reading matter by the ablest scholars in the church, and is distinguished for its charity toward dissentients, as well as for its spirit of progressiveness and liberality in other directions. Worthy a place in every Christian home.

# The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. IV. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 23, 1867. NO. 166.

# FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

## THE CAPITAL.

Relief for the Destitute South.

The New York Custom House Frauds.

Collector Smythe's Conduct to be Further Investigated.

Proposal to Release Jeff. Davis.

The Reconstruction Supplement Veto.

Enforcement of the Bankrupt Law.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, March 22, 1867.

**Relief of the South.**

The principal action of Congress to-day was the defeat by the House of the Senate bill appropriating one million of dollars for the relief of the destitute people in the South. The House voted down all substitutes but one, which authorizes the Secretary of War to use the funds appropriated for the Freedmen's Bureau for relieving destitution. The Senate will doubtless accept the modification of their bill.

**The New York Custom Frauds.**

The House also disposed of the New York Custom House case by authorizing the Committee on Public Expenditures to investigate if Collector Smythe had been guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors, and to report articles of impeachment. As the committee are authorized to sit during the recess, this course does not necessarily prolong the session.

**Release of Jeff. Davis.**

Senator Wilson's concurrent resolution providing that if Jeff. Davis cannot be tried at once, that he be released from confinement, introduced to-day in the Senate, meets with some favor in both houses, but can hardly be passed in its present shape. A substitute to release him on bail, it is believed, will be readily adopted.

**The Reconstruction Supplement.**

The message of the President relating to the supplemental reconstruction bill was read in the Cabinet meeting this afternoon. It was given out at the capitol to-day that the President had decided to sign the bill under protest, and send in a message to that effect, but the better impression to-night seems to be that it will be a straight out veto. It is the understanding to pass the bill over the veto at once.

**The Bankrupt Law.**

It is found not to be practicable to enforce the Bankrupt law at once. Senator Anthony, therefore, introduced a proposition to-day suspending its operations, except in the matter of appointments under the act, until June first. The matter was referred to the Judiciary Committee, where a bill is pending to transfer the appointment of registers under the act from the Chief Justice to the District Judges of the United States.

**The President.**

The President was so busy to-day with other matters that he made no nominations to the Senate, nor did that body hold its executive session as usual.

**Suffering in North Carolina.**

The Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau has received a report from the Assistant Commissioner for the State of North Carolina, showing the condition of affairs in that State during the month of February. He states that there are at least six thousand persons in North Carolina suffering from want of food, of which number two-thirds are white. Three thousand bushels of corn were distributed during the month, sent by the Southern Relief Commission of New York city.

**Internal Revenue.**

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day were very small, reaching only two hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

**The Maryland Senatorship.**

The Senate Judiciary Committee have held a meeting relative to the Maryland Senatorial cause, but have done nothing. The cause will lie over until next session.

**Cincinnati Postmaster.**

No nomination has been made for Postmaster at Cincinnati. The friends of Colonel Jones are opposing several candidates who have been mentioned for the place.

**Adjournment.**

It is believed that a caucus will be held Monday night to decide the question of adjournment. The House will be ready to adjourn Tuesday, but it will be necessary for the Senate to remain in session all of next week to dispose of its executive business.

**Snow and Rain.**

A severe snow storm has prevailed here all day. To-night it is succeeded with rain, and Washington is threatened with inundation.

WASHINGTON, March 22.

GEN. SICKLES.

It is said General Sickles will have the Brigadier General's position, vacated by General Rosecrans.

THE HORSE PLAGUE.

Commissioner Newton, of the Agricultural Department, has taken steps to examine into the malignant horse plague which is sweeping through New Jersey. It is a throat distemper without any cough, followed by rapid prostration, chills and death.

TREASURY INVESTIGATION.

The Committee on Retrenchment charged with the investigation of the financial condition of the Treasury, commenced its labors ta-night at that department.

THE VETO.

The veto message concerning the supplemental reconstruction bill was the subject of Cabinet consideration to-day.

MILITARY MATTERS.

Brevet Major D. R. Silliman, Assistant Surgeon, has been relieved from the Department of Dakotah, and ordered to report to the retiring Board. Brevet Brigadier General Rufus Saxton has been authorized to delay reporting to his commanding officer as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Missouri until further orders.

DEBT OF VIRGINIA.

The Legislature of Virginia has passed a law providing for the payment on the first of July next, and January 1st, 1868, at each period, two per cent. interest on the principal of the public debt, that being the interest which the State feels obliged to pay until there is a settlement of accounts here and in West Virginia.

## HIGHLY INTERESTING.

NEW YORK, March 22, 1867.

WEATHERBOUND.

The steamer Australian, from Liverpool, is outside waiting for a pilot. The gale continues. A pilot boat which unsuccessfully attempted to board her lost one man overboard.

HEAVY FAILURE.

The failure of Robinson & Ogden, Broad street, dealers in Government securities, is reported. The firm made an assignment. Liabilities are stated to be $2,000,000.

A GOVERNMENT EXCHANGE.

An effort is being made to establish an exchange for the purpose of transactions in Government securities exclusively.

VESSEL DETAINED.

The steamer Merrimac, from Brazil, is detained till Monday, to carry the one hundred and fifty emigrants coming here on the steamer Mariposol, detained at Hampton Roads by the storm.

CITY HALL PARK.

The committee of the Common Council will report in favor of reconsidering the action of the city government agreeing to take a half million dollars for portion of City Hall Park as a site for a postoffice.

FIRE.

The principal building of the American Water Proof Clothes Company's work-house, in Bridgeport, Connecticut, was burnt on Wednesday. Loss covered by insurance.

SNOW STORM.

There was a snow storm in Washington, Philadelphia and Baltimore to-day.

A VIOLENT GALE.

A violent northeast gale is still prevailing outside Sandy Hook. The steamship Australia, in from Liverpool, is outside the bar, unable to come up, as the pilot boats do not dare to venture out. An unsuccessful attempt was made to reach her this afternoon.

**Five Hundred Freedmen in Council.**

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 22.—A meeting consisting of five hundred freedmen, under the auspices of the Union League, was held last night. Speeches and resolutions of a radical character were made. A few whites participated.

**Murderer Executed.**

TROY, N. Y., March 22.—Hiram Coon, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Larker, in the town of Petersburg, in October last, was executed to-day. He made a statement denying his guilt.

# FORTIETH CONGRESS.

## The Case of Jefferson Davis.

## Proposed Impeachment of Collector Smythe.

## Extension of Time of Operation of Bankrupt Law.

WASHINGTON, March 22, 1867.

SENATE.

MR. FERRY presented a petition for a more stringent enforcement of the United States laws in Utah, and better protection of the rights of American citizens. Referred.

MR. COLE introduced a bill to divide California into two judicial districts. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

MR. MORTON introduced a bill to conform the laws of practice in the courts of the United States to the laws of the respective States. Referred to the Judiciary.

MR. RAMSEY presented memorials from the Minnesota Legislature on various subjects. Referred.

MR. WILSON presented concurrent resolutions, which were ordered to be printed. The preamble recites that Jefferson Davis stands charged with the heinous crime of conspiracy to murder the late Abraham Lincoln, and is also indicted for high treason, and has persistently declared his innocence, and demanded a speedy public trial; therefore,

*Resolved*, That longer confinement of said Jefferson Davis, without trial or arraignment for a specific offence, is illegal, in accordance with the demands of justice, the spirit of the laws and the requirements of the Constitution, and therefore unjust, unsound public policy and national honor unite in recommending said Jefferson Davis to be brought to a speedy and public trial, or that he be released from confinement on bail, or on his own recognizance.

MR. MORGAN, from the Committee on Finances, reported a substitute for a bill reported yesterday for the exemption of agricultural implements imported as models, from import duties. The substitute consists of two sections. The first exempts from duty, works of art imported for presentation to the United States, or any State or city. The second directs the Secretary of the Treasury to refund duties collected during the last fiscal year, on agricultural implements imported as models, and exempts such articles from duty until June 3d, 1868.

MR. SHERMAN offered an amendment authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to discontinue the employment of persons engaged in the collection of direct tax in Southern States, when in his judgment expedient, and impose the duties of such persons upon collectors of internal revenue, who may perform them without additional compensation. The amendment was agreed to and the bill passed.

The joint resolution directing the reimbursement of Indiana for money expended for supplies, &c., furnished the United States when called out to repel invasion, was considered. The pending question was on motion of Mr. Sherman to recinde Ohio. After some debate, Mr. Pomeroy urging the claim of Kansas and Mr. Patterson that of Tennessee, the motion was on motion of Mr. Edmunds recommitted to the Military Committee.

The Senate, by a vote of 29 again 9, concurred in the House amendment to joint resolution appropriating a million dollars for the relief of the destitute at the South.

The bill of last session for the relief of the heirs of John E. Bouligny was passed.

MR. MORRILL introduced a bill authorizing full allowances to certain non-commissioned officers and enlisted men, detached from their regiments by order of the War Department to be attached to brigades organized in New York by Brigadier General Daniel Ullman, but who by reason of capture by the enemy were not immediately mustered into such brigade. Referred to the Military Committee.

MR. TRUMBULL called up the bill to amend the Bankrupt bill by repealing the provision for the appointment of registers of bankruptcy by the Chief Justice.

MR. HOWARD moved to refer the bill to the Committee on Judiciary.

MR. ANTHONY moved to amend by adding a section providing that the Bankrupt act shall not take effect until June 1, but officers and registers may be appointed at any time after the passage of this act. The bill and amendments were then referred to the Judiciary Committee.

MR. MORGAN introduced a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of the United States becoming a party to the treaty of Geneva for the amelioration of the condition of wounded soldiers.

The Senate agreed to the amendments of the House resolution directing the Secretary of War to furnish arms to Tennessee. Also an amendment to the joint resolution exempting wrapping paper from internal tax.

MR. WILSON, from the Military Committee, reported a substitute for the bill of Mr. Morton to reimburse Indiana for expenses in repelling rebel raids. It provides for the appointment of three commissioners to examine and audit the claims of Ohio and Indiana, and appropriates a sufficient sum to pay them. Bill passed. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Senate joint resolution for the relief of the destitute in the South and Southwest was taken up. The amendments reported from the Committee of the Whole were agreed to. The resolution then passed—yeas, 91; nays, 31.

MR. BAKER presented the memorial and resolutions of the river improvement Convention held in St. Louis last month. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The resolution reported yesterday by Mr. Hurlburd, from the Committee on Public Expenditures, was taken up and modified by Mr. Hurlburd so as to read:

*Resolved*, That it is the sense of this House that Henry A. Smythe should be immediately removed from the office of Collector of the Port, and the Clerk of the House cause certified copies of this resolution to be laid before the Senate and the President.

MR. HURLBURD moved the previous question. Whereupon Mr. Stevens moved to amend the resolution by inserting it read that Henry A. Smythe be impeached. After considerable debate the subject went over till to-morrow.

The House then proceeded to the business on the Speaker's table, and disposed thereof as follows: The Senate amendment to House joint resolution placing certain troops of Missouri on equal footing with others as to bounties. The amendment strikes out all the words "and those borne on the rolls as slaves." On motion of Mr. MCLURG, the amendment was concurred in, and the joint resolution goes to the President.

The Senate amendment to House bill to exempt wrapping paper made of wood or corn stalks from Internal tax was taken up. The Senate amendment adding a new section imposing a tax of ten per centum on notes of any town, city or municipal organization, that is issued by any National Bank was considered and amended by adding a provision exempting from Internal tax wrapping paper of all description. The Senate amendment as amended was concurred in by 68 to 58.

The Senate joint resolution to terminate the contract of a member of Congress with the Postoffice Department, was considered.

MR. TERRY moved an amendment empowering the Postmaster General to reject any bid he may deem exorbitant. Agreed to, and joint resolution, as amended, passed.

The Senate joint resolution to make valid certain acts of New Mexico Legislature has passed.

Senate joint resolution directing the Secretary of War to furnish arms and equipments to Tennessee sufficient for 25,000 militia, to be accounted for by the State of Tennessee to the United States Government, was amended by increasing the amount to 10,000, and passed.

The SPEAKER appointed Messrs. Ladlin, Ela and Cake members of the Joint Committee on Printing.

MR. VAN WYCK offered the following resolution, which was referred to Joint Committee on Reconstruction.

*Resolved*, No more large guns or cannon of any kind shall be ordered, purchased, transported or mounted at the cost of the United States until it has been determined by the Chief Engineer that guns of large sizes, such as are now placed on ships of war, are capable of enduring heavy charges, and of being fired rapidly; that no more projectile cartridges, appropriation, shall be funded for such guns shall be paid for until the qualities of the guns shall be thus determined, and no more of such guns shall be ordered or allowed to be proof loaders, nor of those which require the barrel to be lined for the purpose of reducing the calibre.

On motion of Mr. MCCLURG, the time for taking testimony in Missouri contested election cases of Anderson and Van Horn be extended sixty days.

The SPEAKER was allowed leave of absence to-morrow, and nominated Mr. Schenck to occupy the chair.

On motion of Mr. BANKS, the President was requested to communicate copies of correspondence, legal proceedings and other documents relating to suit of the United States against Priolen and others, pending in the English Court of Chancery, and the Secretary of State be authorized to make the communication.

Mr. STEVENS moved to suspend the rules so as to resume the consideration of the impeachment resolution of Henry Smythe. The rules were suspended by a vote of 90 to 69.

A motion to postpone the resolution to December was negatived, only 13 votes being given in the affirmative.

MR. STEVENS then moved the previous question, which was seconded. The amendment offered by Mr. Stevens as a substitute for the resolution reported by Mr. Hulburd, was agreed to, with the addition that the Committee have power to sit during recess.

Adjourned.

# NEW YORK LEGISLATURE

## The Constitutional Convention Bill.—Taxes to be Refunded.

ALBANY, March 22.—The Constitutional Convention bill yet hangs in Conference Committee. It was the Assembly which struck out the negro suffrage clause.

The Senate to-day ordered the Judiciary Committee to report a bill to refund to banks and insurance companies the taxes collected from them on Government securities.

**The Central System in Boston.**

BUFFALO, March 22.—The Board of Trade to-day rescinded its former action adopting the central system, also in declaring that a barrel of flour should contain 200 pounds, thus practically returning to the old system.

# HARRISBURG.

**The Revised Statutes—The Veto in the Senate—Speaker Hall Indignant—Fourth Ward, Allegheny City—Paying Recruiting Officers—The Franklin "Repository"—The Central Railroad's $10,000,000 Bill—The State Agricultural Society—Alderman Strain's Police Bill—Riots in Schuylkill County.**

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

HARRISBURG, March 21, 1867.

THE REVISED STATUTES.

The joint resolution authorizing a revision of the Pennsylvania statutes, to which reference was made in this correspondence yesterday, was this morning so amended as to add the Attorney General to the Commission.

THE VETO IN THE SENATE.

Last evening the Senate passed the Pennsylvania Railroad's $40,000,000, or unlimited bill over the Governor's veto by a vote of 20 to 9. Before the vote was taken, Speaker Hall decided, in violation of all parliamentary rules and usages, that the question was not debatable, but that the Senate must at once proceed to the question of reconsideration. Of course the condition of this decision in the interest of the Pennsylvania Central, was, that Hall should be "let up," and allowed to continue his legislative joke of looking one way and rowing another, by voting in favor of the veto. Here are the yeas and nays:

Yeas—Barnett, Connell, Donovan, Fisher, Glatz, Haines, Jackson, James, Landon, McCandless, McConaughy, Randall, Ridgway, Royer, Schall, *Scaright, Stutzman, Taylor*, Walls, Worthington—20. Nays—Bigham, Billingfelt, Browne, (Lawrence), Brown (Mercer), Davis, Graham, Lowry, White, Hall, *Speaker*—9. Reed, Coleman, Cowden, and Wallace, would, I am assured, have voted with the nays if they had been present. It will be observed that three western Senators, Messrs. Scaright, Stutzman and Taylor, voted to override the veto. If they have reflected the honest wishes and convictions of the sections which they represent, then the writer has been largely misinformed. It will be remembered that Mr. Quay, from Beaver, was a prominent advocate of this obnoxious bill.

HALL'S INDIGNATION.

When Governor Geary's veto message was read in the Senate yesterday, Senator Bigham moved the printing of five thousand copies. Speaker Hall sustained an amendment to print five hundred, stating that as the veto would undoubtedly be published in the Pittsburgh COMMERCIAL for the benefit of Senator Bigham's constituency, he should vote for the smallest number. Hall was indignant, for he had made a barter away the authority of the Commonwealth, and to authorize the printing of only five hundred copies of the Executive's manly protest against such dangerous legislation.

FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY CITY.

Senator Graham this morning put a bill through the Senate authorizing the School Directors to settle up the bounty fund and borrow $30,000 for the erection of a new school house.

PAYING RECRUITING OFFICERS.

A considerable portion of the morning session was used up in a debate on House bill No. 492. It provides that the benefit of the act of April 16th, 1862, and supplements granting pay and emoluments to certain officers for recruiting, be extended to officers who recruited after April 22, 1863, and prior to April 1, 1865. To receive the benefits of said act and supplements, all applications are to be made within one year from date of proposed act. From such claims, when allowed and local bounties received by the applicant are to be deducted. After being amended by limiting the total amount to be paid to $50,000, claims to be paid in the order of filing, and that no claim shall be paid that had been rejected into the United States service should be so paid, and then only by the State Treasurer, and not through any claim agent, the bill passed.

THE FRANKLIN "REPOSITORY."

That inveterate wag, and unscrupulous lobbyist, Alexander McClure, of the Franklin *Repository*, denies the assertion of this correspondence, that he was in the House aiding to defeat the Connellsville bill. He was not in the House "for a few minutes," as he says, but a much longer time. He will not deny that he stated in the presence of several gentlemen that the thing was "set up" by Pittsburgh men, and Clark's hostility to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville road is well known. He was member of the Legislature when the infamous repealing act was passed, and was the leading spirit of legislation detrimental to every interest of the western counties. He is a director of that mythical line, the Southern Pennsylvania Railroad. In the same issue of his paper he says, "We of Pittsburgh know how things are done in the Legislature." He will please refer the Pittsburgh papers to save their indignation, and liberalize their business operations. Twenty members of the Legislature made the same suggestion to the President of the Connellsville road as to Hall, and Mr. Clark, presuming to speak for the Pittsburgh papers, I believe that what the Franklin *Repository* recommends is exactly what the people of the West will never do. They fight for rights in common with all the other sections of the State, and will resolve to make all political organizations subordinate and subsidiary to those rights, they will be recognized. Time and organization will save the infamy of the Legislature and the self-idolizing and prostituting tactics of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Pittsburgh does know how some things are done, for instance: the passage of the Hall and Foulk bill through the Senate, and so does your correspondent. Shall he tell it?

A FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS BILL—THE SCOTT COON COMING DOWN.

The vote in the Senate last evening, overriding the Governor's veto, showed that on notice, and with a full Senate, the Central Junta have not a two-thirds vote. On a count of noses in the Senate game. This morning they circulated in the House a new Senate bill to be called the Scott bill, which if passed would legalize the swindling and prostituting tactics of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Pittsburgh does know how some things are done, for instance: the passage of the Hall and Foulk bill through the Senate, and so does your correspondent. Shall he tell it?

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The SPEAKER appointed Messrs. Ladlin, Ela and Cake members of the Joint Committee on Printing.

MR. VAN WYCK offered the following resolution, which was referred to Joint Committee on Reconstruction.

*Resolved*, No more large guns or cannon of any kind shall be ordered, purchased, transported or mounted at the cost of the United States until it has been determined by the Chief Engineer that guns of large sizes, such as are now placed on ships of war, are capable of enduring heavy charges, and of being fired rapidly; that no more projectile cartridges, appropriation, shall be funded for such guns shall be paid for until the qualities of the guns shall be thus determined, and no more of such guns shall be ordered or allowed to be proof loaders, nor of those which require the barrel to be lined for the purpose of reducing the calibre.

On motion of Mr. MCLURG, the time for taking testimony in Missouri contested election cases of Anderson and Van Horn be extended sixty days.

The SPEAKER was allowed leave of absence to-morrow, and nominated Mr. Schenck to occupy the chair.

On motion of Mr. BANKS, the President was requested to communicate copies of correspondence, legal proceedings and other documents relating to suit of the United States against Priolen and others, pending in the English Court of Chancery, and the Secretary of State be authorized to make the communication.

Mr. STEVENS moved to suspend the rules so as to resume the consideration of the impeachment resolution of Henry Smythe. The rules were suspended by a vote of 90 to 69.

A motion to postpone the resolution to December was negatived, only 13 votes being given in the affirmative.

MR. STEVENS then moved the previous question, which was seconded. The amendment offered by Mr. Stevens as a substitute for the resolution reported by Mr. Hulburd, was agreed to, with the addition that the Committee have power to sit during recess.

Adjourned.

# NEW YORK LEGISLATURE

## The Constitutional Convention Bill.—Taxes to be Refunded.

ALBANY, March 22.—The Constitutional Convention bill yet hangs in Conference Committee. It was the Assembly which struck out the negro suffrage clause.

The Senate to-day ordered the Judiciary Committee to report a bill to refund to banks and insurance companies the taxes collected from them on Government securities.

**The Central System in Boston.**

BUFFALO, March 22.—The Board of Trade to-day rescinded its former action adopting the central system, also in declaring that a barrel of flour should contain 200 pounds, thus practically returning to the old system.

the oath of the several aldermen. This bill is now in the printer's hands, and will soon be on the House calender for the regular readings.

DISORDER IN SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

There have been some fifty murders in Schuylkill county during the past three years, and all the perpetrators have gone unpunished. The disorder, and danger to life is now greater than ever. At a mass meeting held in the county last evening, a committee of fifty was appointed to visit the Legislature and solicit relief. They brought a series of resolutions adopted by the meeting, which were read before the House. The people of the county want the Legislature to organize a special police for the county. The petition and accompanying act were referred.

WHITEWASHING.

I understand that a correspondent from this capitol is endeavoring, through a daily paper in Allegheny county, to whitewash the character of certain parties who should have voted with the Western members on important railroad issues, but did not. This is only a waste of ink, however profitable to the needy correspondent. We have the record, the yeas and nays, for future reference.

[From an Occasional Correspondent.]

**The Vote of T. B. Seabright and Others on the Unlimited Bill.**

HARRISBURG, March 21, 1867.

Your regular correspondent has before this furnished you with the veto message of Governor Geary upon the bill, which, like Tittlebat Titmouse's "bill to give everybody everything," is now sought to be passed, giving the Pennsylvania Railroad, or rather the Directors thereof, the power to do *anything* and *everything*; and I only wish to call attention to one or two matters connected therewith, which I will do in careful language, lest I may subject you to being called before our Investigating Committee, when you won't be asked anything, and if you attempt to tell anything, will be told that it is either irrelevant or hearsay, and of no consequence.

The veto is acknowledged to be ably and forcibly written. Why the Governor saw fit to pass over some of the gravest legal objections to the bill, in order to state others, can only be accounted for upon the supposition that these were too plain to need elucidation, and that he might state the others in language which the entire population of the State could appreciate, and in which he could warn the people of the growing encroachments upon their liberties, which are being yearly made by this immense corporation, which now, by its evident control of the Legislature, despite the reasoning of the veto, is endangering every interest of the State, East and West, which is not subservient to *its interests*. No party lies open to such charges against the blandishments of this corporation. At one time it was evident that the Democracy intended to make good use of this question, and charging upon the Republicans falsehood to their professions made during the canvass last Fall, to candevavor to so illume their almost extinguished political camp-fires, and with an anticipation of success which would make them again. But the conduct of some of their leaders will fortunately put an end to this. Scaright, of Fayette, the acknowledged leader of the Western Democracy, has voted with the local interests would seem to be all antagonistic to the grasping demands of the Pennsylvania Railroad, goes with it "through and through," and votes for the passage of the bill by a greater than two-thirds majority. Scaright, of Fayette, the Gibraltar of that almost extinct organization, joy of their representative, and congratulate them that while they adhere to a representative who has absolved himself from the old tenets of the party, and goes as far as the farthest for a corporation that won't permit his constituents even to complain of railroad wrongs, would give them a district west. This may be modern Democracy and *modern enlightenment*, but we opine some of the old hard heads won't see it.

Others of similar standing in the Democratic party have acted in an equally incomprehensible way, and with equal disregard of the interests of their constituents. Of the base betrayal of all our western interests by some of our own people in the Pennsylvania Railroad stock, and notoriously in this piece of legislation, I intend to speak again and will endeavor to do so in language comprehensible and clear.

NOW AND THEN.

THE residence of Charles Hanke, Market street, Wheeling, was robbed on Wednesday, of eight thousand dollars.

A LOCOMOTIVE exploded, on Thursday, near Littleton, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, killing Otto Burwell, George Artist and R. Robinson, all residents of Wheeling.

MUCH testimony has been taken by the Impeachment Committee going to show that there has been gross violation of law in giving property to rebels in violation of law, and establishing disreputable conduct at the White House.

THE Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist Church, after a session of one week, adjourned Wednesday evening. Over $500,000 were collected last year within the limits of its jurisdiction, for church purposes, and eighteen large churches and eleven parishes were created during the same time.

The Cleveland *Herald* publishes most of the veto message of Governor Geary, which it says is an able document, and adds: "If the bill becomes a law, the legislators of Pennsylvania ought to retire for the rest of their lives on the handsome competency they have doubtless secured."

THE citizens of Mansfield have indorsed the action of the Vigilance Committee, and assessed the expenses on the city, county, and railway companies. The neighborhood having been so thoroughly purged by the Regulators, the Common Pleas Court, which convened on the 19th, has a very small criminal docket.

YOUNGSTOWN MILLS.—A letter dated Youngstown, the 20th, says: Three furnaces were started this morning at Shedd, Clark & Co.'s rolling mill; the men operating them, however, are not among the strikers. The furnaces at Brown, Bonnell & Co.'s mill, are still cold, and the men are still idle. Neither party is yet disposed to yield, and so the silent war goes on.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* avers that the officers of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company offered to have the "unlimited" bill recalled by the joint resolution of both Houses, and amend it to restrict the amount of capital, and also to place the power of the increase of stock entirely with the stockholders, instead of the directors.

THE proposition recently presented to reduce the amount of common and preferred certificates, and lay an assessment upon the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, not meeting with favor by the holders of the securities, it is to be abandoned; the organization will therefore take place without delay, and stock issued in exchange for all outstanding certificates, and the Trustees will give way to the future management by a board of directors.

A PARIS letter says large classes of shop keepers, bed letters and victualers have extraordinary expectations on what they will realize from the flock of foreigners that are to visit the Exhibition. A million of strangers seem to be expected, all of whom—especially Americans—are expected to stay from April to October, leaving behind the large sums they are expected to bring with them. To one who wishes to see Paris this is not the time, but those desiring to see the Exhibition will be justified in paying extra prices for board and lodging. Government and Municipal Commissions under Government have taken grandly large measures for protecting foreign workmen who shall come to study the Exhibition from the exactions of "cheap and nasty" lodging-house keepers and victualers.

GARIBALDI AND ITALY.—A Berlin letter says: There is now no doubt that Garibaldi has made up his mind to put an end to the uncertainties about Rome. He will give the Ministry ample time to go there; but if they do not go, he will. He has probably come to the mainland to stay until this question is settled. His main object is to destroy the chassepot. The Ministry in the election; for once they will doubtless induce the people to take part in the elections. Still, whatever be the result, you may expect to be informed by the Cable that the Ministry have won. At the last election in Venetia the Ministry sent out telegrams that nearly all the new Deputies were of the minist

# The Daily Commercial

SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1867.

☞ The DAILY COMMERCIAL is circulated in all parts of the State, in Western Virginia, Ohio and the adjacent States, and without comparison, is the best advertising medium in Pittsburgh.

☞ THE COMMERCIAL gives the only complete reports of the local markets published, and is accepted as authority by dealers at home and in all the principal cities.

☞ THE COMMERCIAL is sold everywhere in the cars; and by News Dealers at all the principal points. Price five cents a copy.

☞ THE COMMERCIAL solicits local correspondence, giving events of interest, concisely written; also, of improvements, inventions and personal movements.

☞ THE COMMERCIAL is the only paper in Pittsburgh that uses the telegraph freely. Its special dispatches are from correspondents selected for their intelligence and reliability.


A Sermon by the Rev. Dr. HOWARD is unavoidably deferred. It will be given as soon as possible.

WHEN a great job is on hand for the Company, Vice President SCOTT, himself, takes it in hand. The job of carrying the Stockwatering Bill over the Governor's veto, could be entrusted to no subordinate—hence he promptly repaired to Harrisburg to look after it himself. We have always had a good opinion of the business capacity and thoroughness of the Vice President, but the way he did up this job has increased that opinion to little less than positive admiration. Of course we speak of it purely as a business transaction, and leave the moral aspect entirely out of the account. Like GRANT, or any great commander, he simply determined that a certain thing should be done, and he did it, and so quickly that it must have made some of their heads swim. Could the very able Vice President be induced to say how much it cost?

## THE MONOPOLY TRIUMPHANT.

The contest on the bill granting unlimited power to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company—a sort of triangular one, in which the people, the Legislature, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company were the parties—has been decided. The Legislature and the railroad have triumphed, and the people are defeated. This is the present aspect of the field. But we imagine it will be only a transient triumph, like the first day at Shiloh, Nashville, in the valley, and a score of other battles, and that the rallying of the people in favor of liberty and right will yet secure to them success and victory over the *allies*.

The passing of the bill granting unlimited privileges and powers to the Pennsylvania Railroad, over the Governor's veto, and in the face of the strong reasons he assigns for vetoing it, will take the people of the State by surprise. When the astonishment is passed and their justly aroused indignation allows them to consider the matter coolly, they will find that the weighty considerations that induced the Governor to veto the bill are proved to be valid and substantial, and that his reasons are illustrated and confirmed, by the action of the Legislature itself.

Events that took place within a few short hours after the veto—the final passing of the bill, for example—leave us in doubt whether to attribute to the Governor's sight of things actually going on around him, or to his sagacious consideration of future tendencies, the following sentiment of the veto, in reference to what the bill grants to the Pennsylvania Company. "There is danger, too, that with such vast power, such ramification in the business departments of the country, and such unlimited capital, there might be reason to tremble for the purity and sanctity of our elections, or, what is equally bad, that our Governors, Legislators and other State authorities might be affected with the blandishments of its power, its offices and its wealth." The Governor's action clears him from all suspicion of being fascinated by the blandishments to which he refers. We should be glad to be able to say as much for the Legislature.

The passage of this bill, under the circumstances, may be considered the logical *finale* of all legislation on the subject of railroads within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for ever. There has been a persistent and honorable effort made to get legislative sanction for a particular railroad, imperatively needed; there has been a like effort to obtain a general, free and practical Railroad Law, but both efforts have proved utterly in vain. And now a railroad law, of so strictly a partial character and of so dangerous a tendency as to be vetoed by the Governor, has been passed over the veto, giving all railroad power and capital to the Pennsylvania Company. This culmination indicates the completion of the system. It has been brought to this perfection by the Pennsylvania Company, with the aid of the Legislature, which it runs with as much facility as it does any of its other agencies. That Company does not disguise its agency in the business; but conscious of its ability, proceeds at once to get what it wants and to frustrate what it does not want. We have the fact shadowed in the Governor's veto, as quoted above, and we have indications even more palpable in the passage of the bill.

But though it is logically a finale we have no idea that it will be so in fact. There will undoubtedly be humble petitions for railroads presented by the people to the Legislature. There will undoubtedly be railroad planks introduced into election platforms, when Governor GEARY's apprehensions about the "purity and sanctity" of our elections will be submitted to the test, and the virtue of *the people* will be plied with the "blandishments" of the great Monopoly. We hope, we believe, it will stand the test better than it has been stood by the present representatives in Harrisburg who voted for this bill. It is not by any means a party vote. Republicans and Democrats are on both sides of the question. But the interest, business and finances of the State—to say nothing of its honor as a free Commonwealth—are too deeply concerned in the question of internal improvement and developements, to allow its four millions of population to succumb to a small Board of Directors of a railroad company. They will make a party, and a big one, on this vital question, and have a legislature with views as extended and patriotic as their own and with as much firmness and integrity, to resist the "blandishment of power, offices and wealth" that any company can present.

## WAS GOV. GEARY RIGHT?

The following extract from the Report of the President and Directors of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, which we published yesterday, is a reiteration of the principle advanced in a former document of the Company, and sustains the Governor's veto of the bill enlarging the powers of the *Directors* of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company:

"The agreement of 1861, by which the share capital may be increased, provides: 'That the increase of capital stock should be made solely for the purpose of building and completing a double track, or such part thereof as may be expedient, and for equipping the road and providing such additional rolling stock, machinery appurtenances and other facilities as may be necessary to properly do all the business which may offer, and for no other purpose, *should only be issued from year to year, in such amounts as the stockholders, at their annual meeting, may decide upon.*' Their decision shall be based upon detailed estimates made by the Board of Directors, of the amount of money necessary for the work of the year, and that the new issue of stock only be sold at par or public notice.' By this the Board of Directors cannot increase the share capital without your consent, nor can either you or the bondholders increase the capital for any other purpose than that indicated in the provision above quoted. Stock dividends, therefore, cannot be made for past expenditures out of income, as is frequently the case, based upon fictitious accounts or wasteful expenditures. *The capital can only be increased for legitimate expenditures* hereafter, to be made on detailed estimates, and on this sound principles and administer the property."

We remark that the President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is a member of the Fort Wayne Board. The principles here adopted are diametrically opposed to those of the act vetoed by the Governor, and passed over the veto by the "presence in the House all day" of THOS. A. SCOTT, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company. Further comment, in this connection, is unnecessary.

## CUFFEE AND THE CHIVALRY.

There is evidently to be a scramble, by the old chivalry, for the negro vote after all. General WADE HAMPTON and Cuffee are already on the stump together. The Richmond *Times* begs the great and good men of Virginia, to conquer their repugnance to military rule and the "odors of black suffrage," and to come forth in their might to meet the demands of the occasion. "A lofty patriotism," it says, "is needed which will consent even to *stoop to conquer*." "The danger," it adds by way of argument, "that besets us is that those offices will be filled by vile reptiles engendered by the mud and filth of civil and political strife." So it begs the chivalry to pocket their pride of color and do the polite thing to the darkeys as enfranchised citizens of the Old Dominion.

The Democrats, too, are waking up and feel their hopes reviving under the reconstruction plan. They are half inclined to anchor on negro suffrage ground and trust to the darkey vote to save them, after all they have said against it. The New York *World* having a stock of advice still on hand, even after its large last year's supply to Mr. JOHNSON, is paying it out, hand over hand, to the late rebels. It sees hope, and not much difficulty, for the rebels, in getting the first grip on the negro vote. It advises to seize the helm before the Republicans can get aboard, and take the negroes while they are in a distressed condition, and work them round to the interest of the late rebels.

Some of the stiff old pretenders to a superior nature, are hard to persuade. They cannot think, without a shudder, of saying, "My dear CÆSAR, have the goodness to vote for our side," or anything of that sort. But it will all come easy and natural, when it appears necessary and hopeful. General WADE HAMPTON has set the example of pocketing the pretensions of chivalry and canvassing for the negro vote.

A NEWSPAPER that, to please its patrons, or a party, that to increase its strength, makes a direct appeal to depraved sentiments and habits, cannot be regarded as occupying a very honorable position or as having very brilliant prospects. In the Pittsburgh *Post* of yesterday appeared a communication precisely of the character referred to, and, as we see by an editorial in the same paper, the editors publish only such communications as they think "calculated to do good," we are led to infer that this, in their judgment, is one of that sort. We are sorry for it. For the article appears to be the low, coarse, drunken ravings of somebody who thinks, as drunken men often do, that he is doing terrible execution on Republicans and temperance men. The article, entire and in its details, is a gross insult to the Germans, whom the writer imagines, by an error not uncommon with tipsy folks, he is wonderfully conciliating, and drawing by hundreds into the Democratic fold. He insults the German population in general and their respectable newspapers in particular, as well as all temperance men, of whatever nation. In a word, this communication, "calculated to do good" according to the *Post's* judgment, is just what we have represented it. Its style, grammar, taste and morals are on the same level.

NEW YORK and some other cities are discussing the prospect of a visitation from the cholera the coming season. The long and severe winter has everywhere caused an unusual amount of cholera predisposing matter to collect, and corresponding steps are not taken to remove it. This is eminently the case in Pittsburgh, where, in the absence of adequate sewerage, the depositions have become truly fearful to behold—and will be still more fearful to smell, when the sun comes to operate upon the surface. If in other cities there is occasion for alarm, there certainly is much reason for an early and systematic movement here by the citizens and authorities. Indifference will surely result in the penalty to which we are so peculiarly exposed.

THE declaration of General BUTLER on the floor of the House of Representatives, that he regarded Mrs. SURRATT an innocent woman—which carries with it the inference that he regards her execution as a judicial murder—will take the country somewhat by surprise. That he should not feel amiable toward Mr. BINGHAM, of Ohio, we can readily comprehend; but we fail to perceive that any advantage can be gained over him by the tactics the General in this instance adopted.

THE bill granting to the Directors power to "water" the stock of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company without limit, raises an interesting question. What will stock be worth? Stockholders are already making the inquiry. Without undertaking to give an opinion, we will say, that beyond any question, this is the most stupendous stock watering scheme that ever came before any legislative body.

THE rule of the Legislature is to pass such bills as the Pennsylvania Railroad Company asks for, and to deny such as it objects to. The people and the public welfare are of no account, whenever the Monopoly is in the case; and the common belief is, these things are so because the Monopoly pays so well.

OUR information from Harrisburg is to the effect that times at Harrisburg are easy again, and that hotel-keepers and tailors wear smiling faces. The veto, which brought Col. SCOTT to the Capitol, was a wind-fall to them.

THE Legislature of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in session at Harrisburg, will adjourn on the eleventh day of April, Vice President SCOTT having intimated that he will have no further use for them after that date.

## Ohio River—The Late Flood.

Our readers are aware that this stream has just been visited by a heavy flood, which, as our exchanges from the lower end and along its large feeders, inform us has been productive of much damage. This freshet in the upper Ohio was not nearly so high as former floods; the Allegheny, the main confluence, rose very little, while the Monongahela was higher than it has been for some years; and some of the lower rivers flowing into the Ohio were, it is said, higher than ever before known.

In former articles, and in advertisements, reference has been made to the fact that the United States Engineer Department, under the authority of Congress by an act passed in June, 1866, have resumed the charge of this important river, and contractors are now engaged in preparing materials for finishing the partly completed rip-rap dams which have been left untouched since 1844.

We learn also that Major General A. A. Humphreys, Chief of Engineer, who a few years ago made a very elaborate and able report on the Mississippi river, has issued instructions for the collection of facts connected with the great flood of March, 1867, which has been so destructive, at Chattanooga, Mound City, and various other points. The collection of datta relating to the Ohio river and its tributaries has been assigned to Mr. Roberts, superintending engineer, whose office is in this city.

Persons living at points on the Ohio and its branches who noted the day and the hour when the recent flood began, when it was at its greatest elevation, and any material damage done, &c., may assist in getting together much interesting information by sending their notes of the same to the office of the Superintending Engineer, Pittsburgh.

RELIEF FOR THE POPE.—Bishop Wood, of Philadelphia, issued a circular to the clergy of that Diocese directing a collection for the relief of the Pope on Sunday, April 7. This is done in consequence of "the extreme financial difficulties into which the Pope has been plunged by a systematic continuation of sacrilegious robbing and injustice," and the action of the Baltimore Council based therein. The following plan for taking the collection is prescribed: "After the gospel of the respective masses of the Sunday is selected, the pastor or assistant will make an urgent appeal to the congregation, explaining as fully as possible the necessitous condition of the Holy Father. Immediately thereafter, with as many assistants as he may deem necessary, he will proceed among the people, and, taking the names, will afford to each one an opportunity to subscribe." It is presumed that a similar course will be pursued throughout the country.

## A Good Record.

We take pleasure in referring our readers to the card of Major J. F. Denniston, which appears in our columns this morning, and recommending him for the position of County Treasurer. Among the first who responded to the country's call for volunteers when the dread and insulting tone of Sumter's thunder chilled the hearts of many, this young man left a good position in one of our mercantile houses, and enrolled himself with a number of others in the "Friend Rifle Guards," a company well remembered by most of our citizens. He was elected First Lieutenant by his comrades, and served as such until the battle of Williamsburg, Virginia, where the gallant Captain Brunn was killed. From that date he was advanced to the captaincy. Having received a severe wound in the right arm he was unable to serve with his company, but with his disabled arm he continued in the service, doing duty on the staff of Major General Sickles, until that officer was disabled and left the field. Being unfit for line duty he was appointed a Commissary of Subsistance upon the recommendation of General Sickles and Hon. J. K. Moorhead. In this capacity he had immense responsibilities as a Depot Commissary Sergeant at Belle Plain, Grant's first base of supplies after leaving the Rapidan on his most famous campaign. With very limited and temporary facilities for receiving and shipping stores, he replenished the Provision Train of the whole army of the Potomac, besides issuing rations to the large number of wounded from the battle of the Wilderness and Spottsylvania, and the droves of prisoners captured by the victorious army. After this, at his own suggestion, he was assigned to duty at the front as Brigade Commissary in the Second Corps (Hancock's), and although not his specific duty, he participated as "Aid" in all the engagements his Brigade took part in in and about Petersburg, until the battle of Reams's Station, August 1864. Here he received a gunshot wound in the right leg, and was struck also in the left foot. The right leg was amputated twice, but having an iron constitution, assisted by good habits, he recovered, and was rewarded by being brevetted Major for *really* "gallant and meritorious conduct," retained in service, and assigned to duty as a disbursing officer, where he handled large sums of the Government funds with credit to himself and honor to the Government. We always feel as though disabled soldiers should have the preference for positions in the gift of the people, and when such a record as this is combined with untiring energy, sterling integrity, and undoubted ability, our convention will be under no embarrassment in making its selections.

## Temperance Reform in McKeesport.

*To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:*

A number of the citizens of McKeesport, favorable to moral reform, some months since formed a permanent organization under the title of "The McKeesport Reform Association." The officers elected were: President—Captain Andrew Critchlow; Vice President—Samuel Milligan, Esq.; Secretary—F. H. Conrad; Treasurer—John Frich; Committee on Speakers—Messrs. J. P. Lear, Captain Wm. McIntosh, and W. E. Harrison.

The object of this Association is to wield a united influence against intemperance, and by frequent prosecution of duty, if possible, awake within, and assiduously cultivate, a living, active temperance spirit in the mind of every man and woman in the place. With this, we believe, our laudable object in view, and with our unwritten motto, "No compromise with evil," our first efforts have been mainly directed against the sale of this society, family, body and soul ruining element. Thus far all have been successful, and with many thanks to our judges presiding in preventing licenses asked for being granted.

The Association meets regularly on the first and third Tuesday evenings of each month, and is always largely attended, a large number of persons of both sexes having enrolled themselves on the side of temperance and are now earnestly doing battle in the good cause. We have been favored with addresses from Mr. McGonnigle, of our city, and Rev. W. M. Coleman, of Birmingham, and many others, and we are happy to believe the cause with us is increasing, and the public mind becoming more and more alive to the urgent necessity of suppressing the nefarious traffic. Our determination is not to be discouraged, although sometimes defeated, but to wage war against the accursed evil until there shall cease to be in our borough so disgraceful a sight as a place where liquor is sold for drinking purposes only. Our association meets on next Tuesday night week, in the Baptist Church, and we would be happy indeed to see a large force of any of the Temperance Leagues or Associations of your city, to cheer us in our efforts to check this wide spread evil. Expect to hear from us again as the good work goes on.

COMMITTER.

As soon as the President either signs or returns the supplemental reconstruction bill, Congress will adjourn till next fall. It is weary, and so is the country.

H. R. Kemp, private banker at Pittiole, "went under" on Monday and closed doors. It is considered a hopeless suspension.

THE Republicans have made a positive gain in the New York spring election over last year.


NO MORE SORE FEET.

Corns, Corns, Bunions, Bunions, Bunions, Corns, Corns, Bunions, Bunions, Bunions, Corns, Corns, Bunions, Bunions, Bunions, PETERSON'S CORN AND BUNION OINTMENT.

Is not only a relief, but a radical cure for those pests to the feet. Mr. J. W. Parker, the Market street Dry Goods Merchant, says PETERSON'S OINTMENT removed the pain almost immediately, and ultimately removed the cause from his feet.

Try it, and Relief is certain.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by

MCLAREAN & MCKNNNAN, Druggists, 85 Market st., corner Diamond, near Fifth.

WANT SUPPLIED.

London Ale, Bottled Ales, London Porter, Brown Stout. To get genuine imported London Ale, Porter or Brown Stout, has been almost an impossibility in this city, notwithstanding that there are few tonics more suitable for weakly persons and invalids. We want has at length been supplied. Also, an assortment of the finest brands, comprising Barclay & Perkins' London Stout, Bass' Pale Ale, Arch Campbell's Scotch Ale, etc., just received at JOS. FLEMING'S Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, and is sold by the case or single bottle, at the lowest rates. Also, a complete assortment of fine Liquors for medicinal purposes, and Campbell's Sparkling Ale, the finest article in the market.

JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG AND PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT, No. 84 Market street.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

CLOTHING.

SELLING OUT OF A

WHOLESALE CLOTHING STORE, AT

Wholesale and Retail.

The undersigned having determined to quit business offer for sale at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF

*Ready-Made Clothing,*

PIECE GOODS,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Cottonades, Jeans, Vestings, &c. Also, of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods and Tailors' Trimmings, to which they call the attention of dealers in the city and the country, and the public generally.

Our entire stock of Goods MUST BE SOLD by the FIRST DAY OF APRIL NEXT, as our store has been rented. All those desiring great bargains should call early at No. 137 WOOD STREET.

A. FROWENFELD & BRO.


## RELIGIOUS.


☞ PLYMOUTH CHURCH—Rev. HENRY D. MOORE, Pastor, will preside in the Academy of Music, TO-MORROW MORNING AND NIGHT, at the usual hours. In the Evening, at 7 o'clock, the Sermon will be addressed especially to Mothers and Young Women, concerning their duty and their influence in these times of Revival.

☞ MISSIONARY MEETING IN BEHALF OF LINCOLN UNIVERSITY—A Union Missionary Meeting in behalf the education of Colored Men, for Preachers and Teachers among their own people, in this country, will be held, through the agency of Lincoln University, will be held in the SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, (Rev. Dr. Howard's,) on SABBATH EVENING NEXT, at 7 o'clock. Addresses will be made by Major General E. M. Gregory, U. S. A.; Hon. Judge Bureau; Rev. S. C. Logan, Secretary Freedmen's Committee; Rev. Thomas McCauley, Assistant Secretary Board of Education, Philadelphia, and others. All interested in the education of the colored race are cordially invited to come and hear what the Lord is doing through Lincoln University, which is located in Chester county, Pa., and has been in successful operation since 1854.

It has now over one hundred colored men in its classes; has sent missionaries to Africa, and ministers and teachers all over our land. It is under evangelical supervision, and seeks to enlarge its power. Come and hear!

## REMOVAL.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Have removed their OFFICE to No. 12, CORNER OF FIRST AND SMITHFIELD STREETS.

## REMOVAL.

C. WEST & CO.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS, have removed to their NEW FACTORY,

Nos. 75, 77 and 79 LIBERTY STREET, Foot of Fourth.

## NEW BACON—

HAMS, SIDES AND SHOULDERS, WHITE FISH, LAKE HERRING, &c., &c.

Arriving and for sale by

COOK BROS. & CO., 345 LIBERTY ST.

## DRIED PEACHES AND HOMINY.

7 bbls Pearl Flint Hominy.
13 bbls prime Dried Peaches (quarters and halves and whole).
Also, New Maple Syrup, put up in one gallon jugs, for sale, wholesale and retail, at the Family Grocery of

LEWIS & McCLURE, 316 Liberty street.

## SEWING MACHINES.

GET AN ELLIPTIC OR AN ÆTNA.

They are the best. BOWDOIN & GIBSON, 24 Fifth street.


## Horse Plague.

A new and strange plague has broken out in certain parts of New Jersey—the attack frequently being so violent as to insure the death of the animal in twenty-four or forty-eight hours. The victim at first encounters a difficulty in drinking. The loss of appetite then sets in, followed by putridity of breath and rapid prostration. Although evidently in some way connected with the throat, no cough attends this fatal malady. Although the disease is spreading with considerable rapidity, and much attention is given to it, the doctors can make nothing of it. Professor Cook, of Rutgers college, has been devoting himself to the subject, and is baffled at every step. Careful post-mortem examinations, and elaborate chemical tests, afford no light or guidance to the medical profession.

A confidence young man named W. W. Hoosier, assumed the name of Major L. M. Hosea, of the army, and wooed and won the daughter of Dr. Royer, of Philadelphia, being married on the 13th inst., and after a brief bridal tour is now an inmate of the county prison. The cause of his arrest was obtaining from his father-in-law $2,000, on a fraudulent draft for $6,800, drawn on the First National Bank of Cincinnati. Hoosier had also palmed himself upon the susceptible Philadelphians as a son of ex-Governor Aiken, of South Carolina.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

MAJ. J. F. DENNISTON,

Late Brevet Major and C. S. U. S. Vols., will be a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention.

OPENING.

MISS A. M. RICHEY,

WILL OPEN ON

THURSDAY, 28TH INST.,

THE LATEST SPRING NOVELTIES IN

BONNETS, HATS AND MILLINERY

45 ST. CLAIR STREET.

JOHN M. PENDLETON,

*COMMISSION MERCHANT,*

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF

Domestic Fleece and Pulled Wool,

NO. 45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Cash Advances made. Consignments solicited. General and Special Market Reports furnished at request.

REFERENCES:

H. F. VAIL, Cashier National Bank of Commerce, New York.
J. BOORMAN, JOHNSTON & CO., New York.
SHELDON, MCMILLAN & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.
W. P. WESFALL, Cashier First National Bank, Monroe, Michigan.
THOMAS ARTHUR, Cashier First National Bank, Newton, Iowa.
Messrs. FORD, DIXON & CO., St. Louis, Mo.
Messrs. Butler throughout the country having New York correspondents.

THE

IRON CITY MONTHLY,

ILLUSTRATED,

A Compendium of Facts concerning Pittsburgh and Vicinity, for Strangers and the Public Generally.

*WILL BE READY*

ABOUT THE THIRD OF APRIL.

Address all communications to

GEO. W. PITTOCK & CO., PUBLISHERS.

Office, DISPATCH BUILDING, P. O. Box, 1406 Pittsburgh, Pa.

CHURCH

BOOKS.

Oliver's Translation of the Syriac Pauline.
Private Devotions for the Heart.
St. Paul in Rome. Bolles.
Inner Home. Beecher.
The Christian's Reasons for his Faith and Practice. Richardson.
History of the Early Church. Newell.
Thoughts on Religion. Sewell.
Hooper's Perfect Love.
Holy Living and Dying. Taylor.
Manual of Devotion. Bishop Uphill.
Illustrated Commentary on our Saviour's Parables. Lorimer.

CHURCH FLORAL DECORATIONS,

FOR SALE BY

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,

No. 101 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

HARRISON & BRO.,

FURNISH STONE FLAGS,

For Floors requiring the greatest durability. Garden Walks, Hearths, Pavements, &c. These FLAGS come 1 1-2 to 4 inches thick, and having the color of the

LARGEST AND BEST QUARRY

In the West, we can supply them in any quantity and of any size required. Also, Steps, Lintels and FREEPORT and COMMON STONE.

Office and Yard, corner BUTLER and BOUNDARY STREETS, Allegheny, Pittsburgh, P. O.

☞ Our Stone Flags are also supplied by D. R. ECKER, 167 First street, opposite Monongahela House.

CHEAP

DRY GOODS.

TWO CASES GOOD FAST COL'D PRINTS, AT 12 1-2 CENTS.

All the BEST PRINTS IN DARK COLORS, AT 15 CENTS.

3-4 WIDE BLEACHED MUSLIN, AT 10 CENTS.

YARD WIDE BLEACHED MUSLIN, AT 12 1-2 CENTS.

HEAVY UNBLEACHED MUSLIN, AT 15 CENTS.

GOOD YARD WIDE SHEETING, AT 16 CENTS.

FINE BLEACHED SHIRTING, AT 15 CENTS.

GOOD ALL LINEN TABLE LINEN, AT 50 CENTS.

BEAUTIFUL BLACK LUSTRE, AT 50 CENTS.

CORDED POPLIN LUSTRES,
BLACK SILK LUSTRE,
PLAIN COLORED ALPACAS,
NEW PLAID VALENTIAS,
CHECKED MOZAMBIQUES,
STRIPED POPLINS,

SWISS,
NAINSOOK,
JACONET,
STRIPE SWISS,
VICTORIA LAWN,
BIRDEYE LINEN,
Soft Finish CAMBRIC.

&c., &c., AT VERY LOW PRICES,

Wholesale or Retail,

AT

ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO'S

No. 178 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY, ABOVE THE MARKET.

GARDENING TOOLS.

HOES, SPADES, RAKES, TROWELS, &c.,

FOR SALE BY

B. WOLFF, JR. & CO.,

corner of Liberty and St. Clair streets.

INSURANCE MONITOR.

ESTABLISHED IN 1853.

Just published, THE INSURANCE MONITOR, containing report of the standing of all New York Fire Insurance Companies for the current year, full report of the Annual Meeting of the National Board of Fire Underwriters; giving new rates, &c.; and a graphic account of the unparalelled growth, success and utility of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, with numerous other articles on Insurance. It should be in the hands of every merchant and business man. Price 25 cents per copy, or $2 00 per annum.

TIES 14 WALL STREET, New York.

SUNDRIES, SUNDRIES.

50 cases whole, halves and qrs. Boxes Sardines;
500 boxes New No. 1 Herring;
100 boxes Yarmouth Bloater Herring;
10 bbls Assorted English Pickles;

Just received at

REYMER & BROS., Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

TARING IRONS, BRANDS AND MARKING BRUSHES, for U. S. Inspectors, for sale by

JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood st.

ÆTNA SEWING MACHINE.

THE BEST FOR ALL KINDS OF THREAD.

BOWDOIN & GIBSON, Agents, 24 Fifth street.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PRICE LIST OF

SLATED GOODS.

Pierce's Patent Stone Slate Surface

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Pocket Tablets, | 2x3 with 3 leaves | 5 |
| 2 | Pocket Tablets, fine, | 2x3 with 5 leaves | 10 |
| 3 | Leaf Slates, coated 1 side, | 1x6 | 4 |
| 4 | do do coated both sides | 1x6 | 6 |
| 5 | Tablet Slates, do | do 4x6 | 8 |
| 6 | do do do | do 5x7 | 10 |
| 7 | do do do | do 6x9 | 14 |
| 8 | do do do | do 7x11 | 18 |
| 9 | Book Slates, coated 4 leads, | 6 x 9 | 20 |
| 10 | do do | do 5x7 | 25 |
| 11 | do do | do 7x11 | 40 |
| 12 | Book Slates, ingrained, | 6 x 9 2 leaves, pkt size | 30 |
| 13 | do do | do 3x7 | 25 |
| 14 | do do | do 5x8 | 35 |
| 15 | do do | do 7x11 | 50 |
| 16 | do do | do 8x14 | 70 |
| 17 | do do | do 6x9 | 50 |
| 18 | do do | do 7x11 | 70 |
| 19 | Sabbath School Library Slates, | | 10 |
| 20 | do do | do with pencil case, | 20 |
| 21 | Slated Copy Books, with copy slips, | | 10 |
| 22 | Pocket Tablets, fine, | 2x3 with 3 leaves | 5 |
| 23 | do do | do 2x3 with 5 leaves | 10 |
| 24 | do do | do 3x5 with 8 leaves | 25 |

Folding and Portable Blackboards, homemade, bound, made to order at the shortest notice. Per foot, 50 cents.

FIERCE'S PATENT STONE SURFACE.

One pint bottle will cover nearly 100 square feet. Price per bottle $2.

One half bottle will cover nearly 200 square feet. Price per bottle $3 50.

Liberal discount to the trade.

Address orders to the undersigned, agents for the Manufacturers, Messrs. Fierce, Garland & Newton Pierce, February 10, 1863, and December 20, 1864.

HENRY MINER, 71 and 73 FIFTH STREET.

CAUTION.

All persons having in their possession ALE BARRELS, branded Oregon Brewery, D. Fawcett & Co., are forbidden to deliver to any person excepting PIERCE, BANNAN & CO., or their agents, the same having been purchased by me.

R. W. PIER.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,—Whereas, a Libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, on the 11th day of March A. D. 1867, in the United States Libellant against four barrels of Whisky, and two half barrels of Whisky, seized and lately in the possession of Messrs. Littell & Mechling, and now in the custody of the Collector of the Twenty second District of Pennsylvania.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under seal of the said Court, to me directed, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said four barrels of Whisky and two half barrels of Whisky, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court to be held at Pittsburgh, on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1867, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and claim to impose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, Western District, Pa.

1867. SPRING. 1867.

Just Received.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, MILLINER and STRAW GOODS,

The FINEST and CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT in the city.

ABEL & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,

NO. 54 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PANEL DECORATIONS.

EGYPTIAN, ELIZABETHIAN, AND

LOUIS XIV.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.,

No. 107 MARKET STREET, near Liberty.

CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE.

D. R. ECKER,

DEALER IN

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
CALCINED PLASTER.
TYRONE WHITE LIME.
CHESTER VALLEY WHITE LIME.
FIRE BRICK AND CLAY.
FIRE TILE, for Furnaces, Gas Houses, Oil Refineries, Steamboat Boilers, Fire Grates, Stoves, &c. All sizes and patterns.
CHIMNEY TOPS, DRAIN and WATER PIPES.
STONE HEARTHS, 1-2 to 4 inches thick.

ALSO,

ENCAUSTIC TILE, plain and inlaid, every pattern for Floors, Halls, Vestibules, Hearths, &c.
MARBLE AND SLATE TILE.
MARBLE AND SLATE MANTELS, furnished at lowest New York prices.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

167 FIRST STREET

Opposite Monongahela House.

QUESTION.

WHAT KIND OF HATS AND CAPS CAN BE FOUND AT

No. 117 Federal Street, No. 117,

ALLEGHENY CITY?

ANSWER.

Hats and Caps for all the nation,
Hats for those of every station,
Hats and Caps of every grade,
Hats we bought and hats we made;
Hats of "fine" and hats of "wool,"
Hats and caps for boys at school,
Hats in texture "soft" and "fine,"
Hats of silk that always shine;
Hats in cloth and caps to match,
Hats for the husband as well as the bach
Hats for the little ones not yet in trousers
Hats for the fathers to suit the spouses;
Hats that are "stylish," "gay" and "nobby,"
Hats good looking on everybody;
Hats that become your "style of beauty,"
Of course to serve such is your duty;
Hats for all the small and great,
Hats for those who legislate,
Hats for those who pulpits fill,
Hats for those who curse our ill,
Hats for those who buy or sell,
Hats and caps for clerks as well;
Hats for farmers, stout and strong,
Hats for singers for a song,
Hats for sailors, hardy tars,
Hats for those who run the cars,
Hats for the wardens, stewards or priest,
Hats for those who sit in the East,
Hats for men of every class,
Who deal in corn, wine, oil or brass,
Hats of every size and shape,
Color, quality, shade or make;
Hats and caps in great profusion,
And mind you now 'tis no delusion,
They must be sold! so come and see;
The hats and caps they can't be lower
Than at E. R. Wilson's "Big Hat" Store.

SIGN OF THE BIG HAT,

NO. 117 FEDERAL STREET,

TTHS Allegheny City.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.

300 boxes Prime Messina Oranges;
150 boxes Prime Messina Lemons;

Landing and to arrive at

REYMER & BROS.,

Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

RAISINS, FIGS, DATES.

1,000 drums New Crop Figs;
25 frails Dates;
50 mats Seedless Raisins;
500 packages Layers, do Wholes, Halves, and quarter Boxes to arrive, at

REYMER & BROS.,

Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

GO TO BOWDOIN & GIBSON'S,

24 FIFTH STREET,

FOR A SEWING MACHINE.

TH,S

STEEL GUAGING RODS FOR U.S. Inspectors, on hand and made to order by

JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood st.

WS

## NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE COALMEN'S TRUST CO., Pittsburgh, March 20, 1867.

☞ THERE WILL BE MEETING of the Stockholders of the Coalmen's Trust Company, held at their office, No. 26 Market street, on the FOURTH OF APRIL NEXT, at 4 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of considering a proposition to increase the Capital Stock of the Association.

W. J. PALMER, Sec'y.

☞ NOTICE—BRICKLAYERS AND MASONS.—Sealed Proposals will be received until the 12th of April for building a SEWER of good hard brick on Penn street, in the Borough of Duquesne. For further particulars apply at the same place or to Chairman of Committee on Streets.

G. P. WILHELM, Chairman.

☞ NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. Sealed Proposals for the Grading, Curbing and Paving of Main street, Pinestreet, Union alley, Bank lane, and New Troy street, in the borough of Duquesne, will be received until the 12 day of April by the Street Committee. For further particulars apply at the office of Burgess or Chairman of Street Committee.

G. P. WILHELM, Chairman.

OFFICE OF THE A. V. R. R. Company, PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1867.

☞ NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company hereby give notice that they will redeem the FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the Company within two years from their date, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage given to secure the payment of the said bonds. By order of the Board of Managers.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President.

THE

CENTRAL

PACIFIC R. R. CO.,

*Having Completed, Equipped and put in operation nearly One Hundred Miles of their Road, from Sacramento, California, to within 12 miles of the summit of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, continue to offer for sale, through us, their*

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

Issued in conformity with the Acts of Congress and the laws of the State of California, upon the division of their Road located in the State of California, and extending one hundred and fifty-six miles from Sacramento City to the California State line.

The Bonds have Thirty Years to run from July 1, 1865, and are secured by a

FIRST MORTGAGE,

Constituting an absolute prior lien on the portion of Road above named, with all the Rights, Franchises, Equipments, &c., pertaining thereto.

The amount of these First Mortgage Bonds to be issued per mile is limited by law to the amount of United States Bonds allowed and issued to aid the construction of the Road, and the Mortgage by which they are secured is *DECLARED BY ACT OF CONGRESS TO CONSTITUTE A LIEN PRIOR AND SUPERIOR TO THAT OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.*

Interest at the rate of Six Per Cent. per Annum, payable Semi-Annually, on the first days of January and July. Principal and Interest payable in

UNITED STATES GOLD COIN,

in the city of New York. The price of the Bonds is fixed for the present at 95 per cent., and accrued interest from January 1st in Currency, the Company reserving the right to advance the price whenever it is their interest to do so.

The Road forms the Western part of the

MAIN TRUNK

OF THE

Great National Pacific Railroad,

Authorized, adopted and aided by the

United States Government.

It runs through the heart of the richest and most populous section of the State of California, connecting the

EXT

# The Daily Commercial

### Pray for Our Governor.

*To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:*

This is a bright day in the hopes of our citizens. It reminds one of the days when good news appeared on your bulletin board. The Veto message of our noble Governor gives Western Pennsylvania, indeed the whole State, a gleam of hope. It is a ray of light breaking through the black cloud now hanging over the rights and liberties of the people.

The blessings of thousands of glad hearts are going up to heaven for our Chief Magistrate. I never heard such a hearty and earnest response as was given in the noon-day prayer meeting in one of our churches, when a venerable minister invoked the *blessing of God upon the Chief Magistrate of this State, who had just shown himself to be the champion of right, now in times of peace, as he had before been in time of war.* The Amen! to this was truly sublime.

But a fearful struggle yet remains. All the vast influence and power of the monopoly will now be brought to bear upon the House, to induce it, in like manner with the Senate, to pass the bill over the Governor's head. The stake is immense, and will evoke immense effort. The issue involves the right of property of the stockholders of the road, as well as the rights and liberties of the people of the State generally. As one of the stockholders, I regard this bill as virtually confiscating my property in the stock, and transferring it to the *ring*. The certificate will remain to me, but of what use when its value is sapped and taken away.

People generally do not sufficiently understand this thing, or know that the stockholders of the road, or such of them as are not in the *ring*, are as much opposed to this iniquitous legislation as other people, and have stronger motives for opposing it. The Ring, so called, has fastened itself like a vampire upon the body corporate of the company, and is sucking the life-blood of its reputation and usefulness—making bloated millionaires, of sudden wealth, out of men who but recently were needy employees of the road. These are the men who have assumed the possession and control of our property, and use it as an engine to support themselves in power, and corrupt the sources of law and government.

Let the thousands who read your faithful paper, carefully consider this noble message of Governor Geary. It will remind them of the doctrines which were popular in the days of the Declaration of Independence.

It would be well also for every one to clip out and preserve the list of those in either House who vote to carry this iniquitous measure over the Governor's head, in face of the unanswerable reasons he gives for its defeat. Although not likely, yet some of them might hereafter come to the surface of political life again. A STOCKHOLDER.

[The above was intended for yesterday's paper.]

## GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

An Attica, New York, farmer who had refused forty-five cents, sold all his large accumulation of butter in Buffalo a few days since at twenty cents! Present prospects indicate still lower prices rather than higher.

The hull of the rebel ram Merrimac, which obstructs navigation near Norfolk, is to be operated upon by torpedoes—all other appliances for removing it having failed.

In the Legislature of New York a preamble and resolutions have been introduced requesting the Governor to interpose and prevent the establishment of a monarchy in Canada.

Plymouth Church is said to be seriously embarrassed. This year the report got abroad that Henry Ward Beecher, the pastor of Plymouth, was going to the Paris Exposition, and was to be absent at least half a year. The consequence was that many did not early find it convenient to pay up, and demurred at the proposed absence of the favorite pastor.

Foreign immigration thus far this season is considerably beyond that of last year. The arrivals at Castle Garden foot up a total of 21,176 from first of January to date, against 23,688 for the corresponding season in 1866. The shipping and steamer agents, however, express the conviction that the present disturbed state of Ireland will swell the arrivals the coming summer beyond all precedent.

Country buyers of drygoods, in New York, are more numerous, and a better feeling prevails, with rather better prices. The general business feeling has improved, and there is a reasonable degree of hope.

Says the Charleston *Leader*: We have been looking at peach and cherry buds within a day or two, and find no injury as yet. At this time there is promise of a great crop of fruit. "Old Dr. Kirtland," of Cleveland, the great propagator of fine cherries, tells the editor of the Ohio *Farmer* that he never saw the wood in better condition, or the promise better for a crop of fine fruits. The same is true of the old crops of that section.

## PERSONAL.

—Parepa achieved the greatest success in Norma at the New York Academy, Friday evening. Her singing and acting awakened the liveliest enthusiasm of the present operatic season, and proves how quick the public is to appreciate the presence and ability of a tragic prima donna of a caliber fit for the metropolis.

—Senator Sumner's demand that more oaths be exacted from Southern voters called forth the following from Senator McDougal that "Summerzgotawearinouth'brain."

—When Judge Russell addressed the Boston School Ship boys, on Sunday, he asked where St. Patrick was born; one of the boys shouted out once, "In a stable in Bethlehem."

—General Grant was urged to become President of the National Temperance Society. He did he was in full sympathy with the cause, but "did not think he was the man for it."

—Rev. C. B. Boynton, Chaplain of the House of Representatives, has been compelled, on account of ill health, to resign his charge of the Congregational Church, to take effect on the 1st of June.

—There is said to be a hitch in the Beecher novel in the *Ledger*. The novel halts—the gifted author finds it difficult work and delays sending in the manuscript. A friend lately asked why the delay, and Mr. Beecher candidly told him that he thought "novel writing as not his forte," and added naively, giving his friend a poke in the ribs, "but if I fail, all they can say is that Beecher can't write a novel," and he laughed heartily at his idea.

—Isham G. Harris, the notorious rebel, who fled to Mexico, has written a letter, doleful enough. He says there are eight million inhabitants in Mexico. If seven millions of these were exterminated, he thinks it would be a good country for civilized people to emigrate to. He estimates the number of educated people at one million. Half of these are in favor of an empire, and half opposed. A large majority of the remaining seven millions are robbers and cutthroats.

—The purchase of Tammany Hall by Mr. Connolly goes to show that his daily paper project is not been relinquished, and the names associated with his own in the purchase of the property show that he has strong backing.

—James Gordon Bennett has been so ill of late fears were entertained for his recovery, but his strong constitution carried him through, and he is well again—the same remarkable man as before.

—Bishop Potter has written a letter—not yet published—assigning his reasons for not signing a protest against Ritualism. As the Bishop's position on this harrassing question has been the occasion of much concern to his friends, doubtless it will be a great relief to mind the Church to hear from him definitely last.

## STATE ITEMS.

Wm. A. Hurst, Ex-Sheeriff of Crawford County, died in Meadville on Saturday, and was buried with Masonic honors on Monday.

N. Angier, Esq., has been re-elected Mayor of Titusville by a handsome majority.

The Petroleum Centre *Era* says a little girl about years of age is performing the duties of an engineer at a well on Bennehoff run. She is 1 83 a day, the salary of the best engineers.

The National Bank of Crawford county, has made an assignment under the State laws, and William Thorp, Esq., has been appointed assignee to settle up affairs.

The coal works at Penn, Irwin's, Larimer's Eagle and Spring Hill, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, are at a full stop, resulting from an attempt on the part of the various companies to reduce the wages of the miners, who, on the first of March, the day on which the "strike" occurred had been getting seventy-five cents per ton. The companies now refuse to pay more than sixty-seven cents, which the miners "can't see." Over six hundred laborers are out of employment in consequence of this move.

A young girl named Anne Hultz, a native of Zanesmouth, Ohio, has been arrested and confined in Beaver jail, charged with infanticide. She was employed in the house of a family in Rochester, and last Sunday the dead body of a newborn infant was found which she admitted being birth to.

The Stroudsburg *Jeffersonian* says: Dupue Miller, whose arrest and bringing to this county, on the charge of embezzling the missionfunds of the Stroudsburg Bank, we noticed some time, left for his home in Kansas, a few days ago. There was not a particle of evidence to sustain the charge of embezzlement, and we learn that the bank made good his loss in time, expense, &c., incurred by the arrest. While here, notwithstanding the charge against him, Mr. Miller was warmly welcomed, wherever he went, by the many friends he has in this section of the country. They will be pleased to learn that he has been honorably acquitted.


## SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT—The Elixir of Life. Ponce de Leon and his companions sought in vain for the fabled waters of rejuvenescence, amid the orange groves and flowery meads of Florida. It was left for Holloway to discover the true antidote to Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, Scrofula, Sore Leg, Ulcers, Burns, Scalds, &c., in his admirable remedies of Pills and Ointment, which have been astonishing the world for upwards of fifty years, by their marvellous cures in every type of disease. Sold by all Druggists.

☞ NERVOUS HEADACHES ARE INSTANTLY cured by one dose ("forty drops") of METCALFE'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. Sold by all Druggists. JOS. FLEMING, Agent, 81 Market street.

## AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manager.....WM. HENDERSON.
Treasurer.....HARRY OVERINGTON.
THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, March 23d, Extra Grand Matinee. Admission, 25 cents. Reproduction of the great
THREE GAURDSMEN.
TO-NIGHT, last night positively, of
MISS KATE REIGNOLDS.
Who presents for the occasion an humorous farewell
bill. The new sensation, the
QUEEN OF THE SILVER IVY.
And last three acts of LONDON ASSURANCE.
Monday—EMILY MELVILLE, as Fanchon.
On Monday and Tuesday, April 15th, the great RISTORI, and her company of 142 performers will positively appear. Sale of tickets commences Tuesday, April 2d, at the Opera House Office.

LECTURE.
FREDERICK DOUGLASS,
THE MOST DISTINGUISHED MAN OF THE COLORED RACE, AND ONE OF THE FIRST ORATORS OF THE COUNTRY,
WILL DELIVER HIS GREAT LECTURE,
ENTITLED,
Sources of Danger to the Republic,
IN
CITY HALL,
ON
*TUESDAY EVENING, April 9th.*
☞ This Lecture is independent of any course.

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERAY,
63 DIAMOND ALLEY, OR 66 VIRGIN ALLEY,
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year all principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same.

## PIANOS.

CHAS. B. BARR. HERMAN T. KNAKE. WM. L. BUETTLER
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
(Successors to Wamelink & Barr,)
*No. 12 St. Clair Street.*
DEALERS IN
PIANOS, ORGANS,
AND
*Musical Goods Generally.*
Sole Agents for the celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMAKER & CO., Philadelphia,
*PIANOS.*
Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "Cottage," and S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S "American."
ORGAN,
AND TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.
The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. no17

## STATE LOAN.

PENNSYLVANIA
STATE LOAN.
PROPOSALS FOR
A Loan of $23,000,000.
AN ACT TO CREATE A LOAN
For the Redemption of the Over-Due Bonds of the Commonwealth.
WHEREAS, The Bonds of the Commonwealth, and certificates of indebtedness, amounting to twenty-three millions of dollars, have been due and unpaid for some time past:
AND WHEREAS, It is desirable that the same should be paid, and withdrawn from the market, therefore,
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer be, and are hereby authorized and empowered to borrow, on the faith of the Commonwealth, in such amounts and with such notice (not less than forty days) as they may deem most expedient for the interest of the State, twenty-three millions of dollars, and issue certificates of loans or bonds of the Commonwealth for the same, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding SIX per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first of February and the first of August in the city of Philadelphia; which certificates of loan or bonds shall not be subject to any taxation whatever, for State, municipal or local purposes, and shall be payable as follows, namely: Five millions of dollars, part of said sum, after five years, and within ten years; eight millions of dollars payable at any time after ten years, and within fifteen years, and ten millions of dollars at any time after fifteen years, and within twenty-five years; and shall be signed by the Governor and State Treasurer, and countersigned by the Auditor General, and registered in the books of the Auditor General, and to be transferable on the books of the Commonwealth, at the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia; the proceeds of the whole of which loan, including premiums, if any, realized from the same, shall be applied to the payment of the bonds and certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.
SEC. 2. The bids of the said loan shall be opened in the presence of the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer, and awarded to the highest bidder, Provided, That no certificate hereby authorized to be issued, shall be negotiated for less than its par value.
SEC. 3. The bonds of the State and certificates of indebtedness, now over due, shall be receivable in payment of the said loan, under the direction of the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer may prescribe, and every bidder for the loan, now authorized to be issued, shall state in his bid whether the same is payable in coin or in the bonds, or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth.
SEC. 4. That all trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, agents, treasurers, commissioners, or other persons, holding in fiduciary capacity, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the State or money, are hereby authorized to bid for the loan hereby authorized to be issued, and to pay for the bonds so bid for with any certificates of loan held by them at the time of making such bid, and to receive the bonds authorized to be issued by this act.
SEC. 5. Any person or persons standing in the fiduciary capacity stated in the fourth section of this act, who may desire to invest money in their hands for the benefit of the trust estate in the bonds authorized to be issued by this act, at a rate of premium not exceeding twenty per centum.
SEC. 6. That from and after the passage of this act, all the bonds of this Commonwealth shall be paid off in the order of their maturity.
SEC. 7. That all loans of this Commonwealth, not yet due, shall be exempt from State, municipal or local taxation, after the interest due February first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, shall have been paid.
SEC. 8. That all existing laws, or portions thereof, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.
JOHN P. GLASS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
L. W. HALL,
Speaker of the Senate.
Approved the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.
JOHN W. GEARY.
In accordance with the provisions of the above act of Assembly, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the State Treasurer, in the city of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, until 12 o'clock, M., on the 1st day of April, 1867, to be endorsed as follows: "Proposals for Pennsylvania State Loan," Treasury Department, Harrisburg, Pa., E. S. A.
Bids will be received for $5,000,000, redemption able in 5 years and payable in gold, $8,000,000 redeemable in 10 years and payable in 15 years, and $10,000,000 redeemable in 15 years and payable in 25 years. The rate of interest to be either 5 or 6 per cent. per annum, which must be explicitly stated in the bid, and the bids most advantageous to the State will be accepted. No bid for less than par will be considered. No bid will be received at less than $850, and such higher sums as desired by the loaners, to be free from State, local and municipal taxes.
The over due bonds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will be received at par in payment of this loan, but bidders must state whether they intend to pay in cash or in the over due bonds aforesaid.
No distinction will be made between bidders paying in cash or over due loans.
JOHN W. GEARY,
Governor of Pennsylvania.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Auditor General.
W. H. KEMBLE,
State Treasurer.
N. B.—No newspapers publishing the above, unless authorized, will receive pay.

FOR SALE.
150 bbls Flour; 50 bbls Potatoes;
25 bbls Sorghum; 100 bbls Green Apples;
20 bbls Dried Apples; 10 bbls Navy Beans;
20 bbls Fresh Eggs; 10 bbls Roll Butter;
50 kegs Roll Butter; 25 kegs packed Butter;
25 bbls Herring; 25 kit bbls White Fish;
25 bbls Mackeral; 100 nxx W. R. Cheese;
25 kegs Lard; 30 tons Timothy Hay;
100 new Flour Barrels; 2 tons Feed;
2 bbls Pickles; 4 kegs Apple Butter;
STEBBINS & BROS.,
304 Liberty street.

MANUFACTURERS ALL OVER the world prefer and recommend the
GROVER & BAKER
No. 1 and No. 0 MACHINES, as the best for their purposes. Call and examine them at
no9 NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

VIRGINIA TOBACCOS.
I have on consignment and for sale to the Wholesale Trade the following brands of Virginia Tobacco:
10 bxs. Holland's celebrated Brights Cable Twist;
100 caddies choice half pound Navy;
200 bxs choice No 1 Crop Navy;
10 boxes Lottie's Plantation;
10 bales Mann's 10c Lumps.
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Corner Smithfield and Water streets.

REFINED SUGARS.
100 bbls. Crushed Sugar, Penna.;
50 bbls. Granulated Sugar, Penna.;
20 bbls. Powdered Sugar, Penna.;
360 bbls. A, B, Ex C, and C Yellow,
For sale low by
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
Nos. 130 and 132 Second street.

COACH-MAKERS'
ROTARY VISES.
I have just received a full assortment of Nos. 1, 2 and 3. They are the best Vises in the market for Coach-makers.
JAMES BOWN,
136 Wood street.

ROBERT CHRISTY,
GRAVEL ROOFER.
Office, COR. FIFTH AND WOOD STREETS, over National Bank of Commerce. T, TH, S

## CARPETS.

NEW CARPET STORE.
JUST OPENING.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
*NO. 21 FIFTH ST.,*
(SECOND FLOOR).
We are now opening our FIRST STOCK OF GOODS, embracing everything in the
CARPET LINE,
From the best European and American manufacture to the commonest Hemp Carpet. A full line of
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,
WINDOW SHADES,
RUGS, MATS, STAIR RODS,
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
*PIANO and TABLE COVERS, &c.*
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH ST., second floor,
(OVER BATES & BELL'S.)

CARPETS.
OLIVER
M'CLINTOCK
& COMPANY,
Have Just Opened for the Spring Trade, Their Splendid Assortment of
*NEW CARPETS,*
OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, &c.
Attention is called to our fine stock of Embroidered
*Table and Piano Covers.*
GREAT DECLINE IN PRICES.
23 Fifth Street.

TO THE PUBLIC.
CARPETS
ARE NOW BEING SOLD,
AT
*258 LIBERTY STREET*
UNDER THE NEW ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
PRICES LOWER THAN WILL BE AT ANY TIME DURING THE PRESENT SEASON.
PERSONS IN WANT OF BARGAINS,
WILL PLEASE CALL IMMEDIATELY
*McCLINTOCK & CO.*
mws
FEBRUARY, 1867.

WE OPEN TO-DAY
OUR NEW STOCK OF
CARPETS,
Comprising the Best Patterns made in
Ingrain, Three-Ply,
AND
English Tapestry Brussels,
Which we now offer at Wholesale and Retail, at the LOWEST PRICES SINCE THE WAR.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
Nos. 71 and 73 FIFTH STREET, Second Floor, Over Henry Miner's Book Store. cod


## PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PA. Pittsburgh, March 16th, 1867.
TO STATIONERS, PRINTERS, &c.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until the 23d inst., at 2:30 o'clock, for furnishing Allegheny county with
24 Digest and 24 Adsectum Index Dockets;
12 Plan Index Dockets,
As specified in order of the Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court and Quarter Sessions. Bid will be published at the Recorder's office.
By direction of the County Commissioners.
HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

OHIO RIVER IMPROVEMENT.
Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Superintending Engineer, Pittsburgh, southwest corner of Third and Market streets, until WEDNESDAY, April 10th, 1867.
FOR REMOVING OBSTRUCTIONS
From the Ohio River; consisting of snags, trees, sunken logs, boats, barges and wrecks, &c.
Bidders will specify the per day for each day's work; for which they will agree to furnish everything necessary and do the work, under the superintendence of a person to be appointed by the said Engineer. Said price to cover the time lost by the night, as said steamer, one strongly decked flat, one crane and crane boat, and the necessary screws, chains, ropes, levers, saws, axes, fixtures, &c., suitable for such work; and including the pay and expenses of Captain, Pilot, Engineer and crew, and all men for running the steamer, and doing the work. All expenses to be paid, and all risks borne by the party bidding, it being understood that the Government will be responsible for the payment of nothing more than the sum per day that may be agreed upon.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids if it may be deemed to be the interest of the Government so to do.
For further information apply at the office in Pittsburgh by letter or otherwise.
By order of the Chief of Engineers of the Army of the United States.
W. MILNOR ROBERTS,
Supt'g. Eng'r. Ohio River Improvement.
Pittsburgh, March 18, 1867.

PROPOSALS. — PENNSYLVANIA AGRICULTURAL LAND SCRIP FOR SALE.—The Board of Commissioners now offer for sale 5,420,000 acres of Agricultural College Land Scrip, being the balance of the Scrip granted to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the endowment of Agricultural Colleges in this State.
Proposals for the purchase of this Land Scrip, addressed to "The Board of Commissioners of Agricultural Land Scrip," will be received at the Surveyor General's office, at Harrisburg, until 12 o'clock, M., on Wednesday, April 10, 1867.
The land may be located in any State or Territory, by the holders of the scrip, upon any of the unappropriated lands (except mineral lands) of the United States, which may be subject to sale at private entry. Each piece of scrip represents a quarter section of one hundred and sixty acres, is issued in blank, and will be transferable, without indorsement or formal assignment. The blank need not be filled until the scrip is presented for location and entry, when the party holding it can fill the blank and enter the land in his own name. Bids must be made as per acre, and no bids will be received for less than one quarter section.
The Scrip will be issued immediately on the payment of the money to the Surveyor General, for any bid for any quantity than 10,000 acres, one-third bids for a less quantity than 40,000 acres within ten days, and the remaining two-thirds within thirty days after notification of the acceptance of the bid or bids by the Board of Commissioners.
JACOB M. CAMPBELL, Surveyor General.
Harrisburg, February 27, 1867. For the Board of Commissioners.

## WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

LADIES'
GOLD WATCHES,
A New and Handsome Lot of the Celebrated Makers,
PERRENOUD, JACOT AND ROGERS,
JUST RECEIVED BY
DUNSEATH & CO., Jewelers,
56 FIFTH STREET.

ADDY, WILLIAMS & BARTLEY
*PLUMBERS,*
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS
COR. SIXTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
And Corner Beaver and Chestnut Streets,
MANCHESTER.
All kinds of WATER, GAS and STEAM FIXTURES kept constantly on hand. fe12

HORSES,
CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES,
Of the very best for Hire, at
HOWARD'S LIVERY STABLE,
First street, near Monongahela House.
Great attention paid to buying and selling Horses. Horses kept at Livery.

FISH.
500 pegs. Mackerel, bbls., half bbls. and kits,
Nos. 1, 2 and 3;
1,000 half bbls. Lake Herring;
250 half bbls. White Fish,
For sale low by
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
Nos. 130 and 132 Second street.

SPRING WAGONS, BUGGY AND HARNESS FOR SALE.—2 new Spring Wagons, large and small size, eastern made.
1 new Open Buggy, eastern made.
2 new sets of fine Buggy Harness.
Will be sold at a great deal less than manufacturer's prices. Inquire of
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
corner of Smithfield and Water streets.

## DRY GOODS.


NEW GOODS
OPENING DAILY.
Macrum & Carlisle,
*19 FIFTH STREET,*
Are Opening Daily
New and Desirable Goods.
BRADLEY'S NEW INVISIBLE SKIRT for 1867.
PROMENADE AND PARTY SKIRTS, new styles.
LADIES' MATINEE BRODE AND OPERA KIDS.
PATENT PROTECTORS, for Ladies only.
GENT'S PIQUE AND PLAIN KIDS.
The New FRENCH PAPER COLLAR CUFFS, are the latest novelty on Paper.
BEST FRENCH WHALEBONE CORSETS, all sizes.
GUIPURE LACES, new styles.
BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES,
NEW LACE COLLARS.
Dealers Supplied
*At New York Jobbers' Prices.*
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET.


PITTSBURGH, MARCH 11, 1867.

The attention of our Customers and the Trade generally is directed to our stock of
SPRING DRY GOODS,
*NOW ARRIVING,*
GOOD GOODS
AT
*Reasonable Prices.*
INTEREST CHARGED AFTER MATURITY.
We solicit the Patronage of CASH and 30 DAY buyers, to whom all the advantages of prompt settlements will be offered.
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.
54 Wood Street.

DRY GOODS.
BATES & BELL,
OFFER FOR SALE A
*Choice Assortment of*
Dry Goods,
Cloaks and
Shawls.
21 FIFTH STREET.

NEW GOODS
FOR THE SPRING TRADE.
JUST ARRIVED AT
JOS. HORNE & CO.'S,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTING,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, WHITE GOODS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
BUTTONS, CORSETS, HAIR NETS, BELTINGS, BUCKLES and NOTIONS of all kinds, a full and complete line.
MILLINERY GOODS.
RIBBONS, FLOWERS, HATS, BONNETS, FRAMES, SILKS, CRAPES, MALINES, &c.
As our stock has been purchased at LOW PRICES, we are prepared to offer Inducements in Low Prices to WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS.
Merchants, Pedlars and Dealers in our line will find it to their interest to give us a call.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

## SCALES.

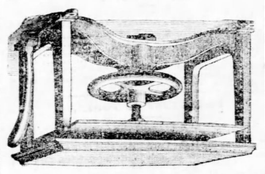
FAIRBANK'S
STANDARD

SCALES.
OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING
RAILROAD, HAY,
COAL, GRAIN,
STOCK, PLATFORM, and
COUNTER SCALES.
Also, a full assortment of DRUGGIST AND PRESCRIPTION SCALES.
FINE GOLD AND JEWELERS' SCALES.
IRON AND BRASS BEAMS.
MARKET SCALES, STANDARD, WEIGHTS and MEASURES, etc.
Fairbanks, Morse & Co.,
COR. WOOD AND SECOND STS.,
PITTSBURGH.
Scales Examined and Repaired Promptly.

FORSYTH'S STANDARD
SCALES.
Iron, Coal, Railroad,
Hay, Stock, Platform,
Grocers' and Druggists'
Counter Scales.
SCALES of all kinds promptly repaired.
FORSYTH, TAYLOR & CO.,
39 MARKET ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

## HOTELS.

M'HENRY HOUSE,
MEADVILLE, PA.
F. WELCH, Superintendent.

LETTER COPYING PRESSES.

The subscribers manufacture and keep for sale at Wholesale and Retail, a large assortment of Letter Copying Presses, combining tasteful designs with the best workmanship.
They may be had, with or without Stands, at their Warerooms, or of the principal Stationers throughout the country.
R. HOE & CO.,
29 and 31 GOLD STREET, New York.
Illustrated Lists sent on application.

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WM. B. SCAIFE,
Nos. 119 and 121 First St.,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
OIL WELL TUBING,
GENUINE
*Lap Weld Gas Pipe,*
CASING PIPE FOR OIL WELLS,
GAS TONGS, cheap for Wholesale trade,
SHEET IRON LINING FOR CASING WELLS, &c.
Everything needed in
PUMPING OIL WELLS,
SHEET AND PLATE IRON WORK,
*Iron Tanks, for Storing Oil, Salt-pans, Gasometers, &c.*
COPPER PIPES, LIFE BOATS,
BLACKSMITH WORK,
BUILDINGS WARMED BY FURNACES,
REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS,
HAIR FELT, for covering Steam Pipes and Boilers.
Those in want of the BEST GOODS AND WORK, are invited to give us a call.
WM. B. SCAIFE,
NOS. 119 AND 121 FIRST ST.
MTHS

LYON, SHORB & CO.,
SLIGO IRON WORKS,
WAREHOUSE, NO. 121 WATER STREET,
jy PITTSBURGH, PA.

1860. ESTABLISHED 1860.
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MANUFACTURERS OF
LARGE, FANCY HURL BROOMS.
Steamboat, Cotton Factory, Brewery, Railroad, Rolling Mill, Hotel, Carpet, Shaker, Warehouse, Street Car, Bridge, Steam Boiler, Toy, Oil Refinery, Grass House and Stove Polishing Brushes and Brooms of all kinds. Wholesale dealer in Brooms, Broom Corn, Handles, Twine, Tacks and Tin Plate and Wire. Also, all kinds of Broom Machinery and Tools of the most approved patterns. Office and Warerooms No. 325 Liberty street, Pittsburgh Pa. Factory, Chestnut street, Manchester, P. O. E. B. MATTHEWS, Secretary. SAM'L. B. MATTHEWS, Agent, Factory, 10. For Price List, &c., address E. B. MATTHEWS, 325 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.,
PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS
Corner of Grant and First Streets,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FAIRBANK'S PATENT PLATFORM and COUNTER SCALES.
JANUS FACED PATENT DOOR LOCKS and LATCHES.
PAINT AND COFFEE MILLS, MALEABLE IRON, &c.

STEAM ENGINES,
BOILERS,
OIL TOOLS, with Patent Lock Joints,
On hand, or made to order promptly, by
SMITH & PORTER,
No. 7 BINGHAM ST., South Pittsburgh.
Office—Corner Water street and Cherry alley.

RIPLEY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Flint Glass, Tumblers, Goblets, Bowls, Dishes, &c., &c.
MILL STREET, opposite Adams & Co., Birmingham.
P. O. PITTSBURGH, PA.
N. B.—The Birmingham Passenger Cars pass the Works every ten minutes.

H. M. ROLFE, JOSEPH DILWORTH.
J. D. EWART, ARNOLD FOSTER.
DILWORTH, PORTER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
RAILROAD CHAIRS AND SPIKES.
Office, cor. Water street and Cherry alley. au15-1y

PITTSBURGH FLINT GLASS WORKS—Established 1808.
BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.,
Factory, BINGHAM STREET, Birmingham.
Warehouse, No. 53 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.
J. P. PEARS, | B. BAKEWELL, Jr.
R. R. CAMPBELL, | J. W. PAUL. ap24

BRANDS AND STAMPS
CUT TO ORDER IN EVERY STYLE, BY
JAMES BOWN,
my22 136 WOOD STREET.

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ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,
Pittsburgh Steel Works,
(Successors to Jones, Boyd & Co.)
Office: Corner FIRST and ROSS STREETS, Two Blocks above Monongahela House.
REFINED CAST STEEL, Square, Flat and Octagon, ALL SIZES.
SAW PLATES.
HOE, FORK AND SHEET CAST STEEL.
CAST STEEL FOR
REAPING AND MOWING MACHINES.
STEEL PLOW WINGS, SPRINGS,
AXLES, CIRCULARS, Cast and Common PLOUGH and SPRING STEEL.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Extra Quality Tool Cast Steel,
Cast and German Spring and Plow Steel,
Spring, Axle and Tire,
Plow Molds, Shares, Shovel Wings, &c.
83 WATER and 100 FIRST STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
All Descriptions of Cast Steel,
Best Refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-Cut Saw Plates, Reapers, Fire, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel, Machinery, Flow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad Spring and Tyre Steel.
Office and Works, CORNER HARRISON and PIKE STREETS, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Works connected by telephone with the English Steel.
Orders may be left at No. 37 FIFTH STREET.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of best quality Refined Cast Steel, square, flat and octagon, all sizes.
Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in the country.
Office and Warehouse, Nos. 119 and 121 FIRST, and 120 and 122 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

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MALIN & HAMMETT,
IRON COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
*PIG METAL AND BLOOMS,*
Nos. 69 and 70 WATER ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,
IRON BROKER,
124 FIRST STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Duncannon, Josephine, Isabella, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig Irons. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.
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G. S. BRYAN. JOHN A. CAUGHEY.
BRYAN AND CAUGHEY,
(Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.,)
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
*PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &c.,*
No. 74 Water Street,
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PAPER BAGS,
PAPER BAGS.
W. A. M'CLURG, 57 HAND STREET.
ALWAYS ON HAND, PRINTED TO ORDER, the BEST PAPER BAGS made for Flour, Buckwheat and Groceries. Also,
WRAPPING PAPER AND TWINES.
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JOBBING.
JOBBING,
*HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.*
60 SMITHFIELD ST., NEAR FOURTH.
LONG & SMITHSON.

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C. H. SPANG. C. B. HERRON. J. W. CHALFANT.
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
ÆTNA IRON WORKS,
WAREHOUSE,
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STAR
*FIRE BRICK WORKS,*
COR. BUTLER AND LUMBER STS., 9TH WARD.
Manufacture and keep constantly on hand a strictly first-class article of FIRE BRICK of Clarion Clay. Also, Tile of all descriptions made to order at lowest cash prices. Brick and Tile, all warranted, and given on trial to our customers. Lump and Ground Clay specially prepared for Glass Manufacturers always on hand. Cars for all points loaded at our works. All Brick shipped packed in saw dust.
W. A. REED, S. P. HARBISON,
Pres't. and Treas. Sec'y & Business Manager.

HENRY DEWERITZ. JOSEPH LANG
DEWERITZ & LANG,
*NO. 139 THIRD STREET,*
Bet. Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh,
BREWERS' KETTLES, STILLS,
OIL TUBS, COPPER PUMPS,
STEAM AND ESCAPE PIPES,
MALT KILNS,
COPPER, SHEET IRON AND BLACK SMITH WORK.

EAGLE IRON WORKS.
JAMES WOOD & CO
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON AND NAILS,
WROUGHT IRON WELDING TUBES, for Gas, Steam,, Water, &c.
Warehouse and Office, 112 WATER ST.; Branch House, 132 and 134 WEST WATER STREET, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. oc9-6m

HARPER, GUTMAN & CO.,
Successors to F. ÆSCHLEMAN & T. HARPER,
Keep on hand and manufacture to order,
Wagons, Carts, Drays,
*TIMBER WHEELS, &c.*
Special attention given to EXPRESS AND GLASS WAGONS.
Sole manufacturers of the EXCELSIOR HUB BORERS.
WEST MANCHESTER, PA.

WM. J. ANDERSON. H. A. FRETVOGEL.
W. J. ANDERSON & CO.,
MONONGAHELA FOUNDRY,
150 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
IRON HOUSE FRONTS,
WINDOW LINTELS AND SILLS,
GAS AND WATER PIPE,
MACHINERY,
And all other descriptions of Castings.

CARLIN & GIBSON,
*FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY*
AND
MACHINE WORKS.
SANDUSKY ST., NEAR ROBINSON,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.
We have always on hand and make to order, Steam Engines, Gearing, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Counter Shafts, Derrick Fixtures, &c., &c. de6-tf

JUNIATA IRON WORKS.
SHOENBERGER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
*CUT NAILS AND SPIKES,*
BOILER PLATE, SHEET IRON,
AND
*PATENT HAMMERED*
Horse and Mule Shoes,
Would call especial attention to our Shoes, which we claim to be of a
Very Superior Quality.
Offices: 93 WATER ST., and at 116 ETNA STREET, Pittsburgh.

A. BRADLEY. W. VANKIRK. JNO. S. BRADLEY.
BRADLEY STOVE WORKS.
STOVE WORKS.
MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF
*COOK, PARLOR and HEATING*
STOVES

The Daily Commercial

## CITY MATTERS.

### POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

[Before Mayor McCarthy.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Wm. Kinney, a resident of Temperanceville, yesterday procured the arrest of John Appeal, James Sherman and Patrick Mathews, whom he accused of committing an assault and battery upon his person. The difficulty which occasioned the assault was created by a dispute in regard to the ownership of a dog. The parties were required to enter bail for trial.

RELEASED ON BAIL.

Peter Enger, a character well known to the police, was arrested about a week since on an information made by officer Moon, charging him with having burglariously entered the dwelling house of Mr. Felix C. Negley, in the Ninth ward, and stolen a watch and a quantity of money. He was placed in the watch house at the time of the arrest and kept until yesterday, when his friends procured bail for him, and he was released.

[Before Alderman Sutherland.]

KEEPING A GAMBLING HOUSE.

Mrs. Ellen Rohe, who was before Alderman Lynch on Thursday, on a charge of keeping a disorderly house, on oath of Edward Martin, yesterday appeared before this Alderman and entered a cross-suit against Martin for keeping a disorderly gambling house on the corner of Duquesne Way and Muldoch's alley, in the Fourth ward. The matter was settled to the peace. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

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240 Eastern Avenue, Allegheny City.

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CITY MORTUARY REPORT.—The number of interments in the city for the week ending March 17th, as reported by Dr. A. G. Mecklenless, Physician of the Board of Health, was twenty-four. The causes of death were as follows: Intemperance, 1; consumption, 2; apoplexy, 2; dropsy, 3; disease of heart, 2; small pox, 1; meningitis, 1; debility, 1; whooping cough, 4; diptheria, 1; spasms, 1; congestion of lungs, 2; abscess of groin, 1; catarrh fever, 1; still born, 1. Of the above, eleven were adults, and thirteen children. Males, twelve; females, twelve. White, twenty-two; colored, two.

THE CHRONICLE IS A NEW DRESS.—Our enterprising neighbors, Messrs. Siebeneck & Collins, yesterday issued the *Chronicle* in a handsome new dress, and it now presents as neat and tasteful appearance as any of its contemporaries. The *Chronicle* enjoys a good share of advertising patronage, which indicates its deserved popularity with the people.

### Coal Men

Will have substantial reason to regret not seeing our various improvements in scales for weighing coal. J. F. Keeler, 38 Wood street.

SILL & GILLESPIE, Dentists, No. 216 Penn street.

GET ONLY THE BEST.—Godfrey & Clark, No. 357 Liberty street, manufacture the *best* paper sack, for putting up wheat and buckwheat flour, in small bulk, or from one to fifty pounds. We say this after having given the sacks made by all the different manufacturers a careful inspection. Hence we recommend Godfrey & Clark's sacks to all who may have occasion to use them. These sacks are stronger than any other in the market, and have been submitted to sovereer tests, which they stood to the entire satisfaction of all present, and were pronounced unequalled. The bottoms are stronger, and the entire sack will stand a greater amount of handling. They are almost entirely impervious to water, and the accumulation of dust does not soil them, as it can be entirely blown off with a single breath, owing to the beautiful smooth surface of the paper. In the matter of cost, these are more desirable than any other sacks, because they are not only far more serviceable and perfect in every feature, but they are furnished at the same price as those manufactured in the East, less the heavy cost and long delays in freight. The millers of Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia, are invited to send for samples of these sacks and judge for themselves of their superior merits. Messrs. Godfrey & Clark are able to supply their customers from ten days to two weeks earlier than any other paper sack manufacturer in the United States.

### Sworn to Before His Honor, the Mayor of Pittsburgh.

INDIAN HERB DOCTOR.—Dear Sir: Supposing that others afflicted as I have been may be benefitted by the knowledge and use of your medicines and treatment, I am induced to make the following statement: For a long time I have been afflicted with consumption—said to be in the last stage by many doctors. They all failed to cure me. I applied to the Indian Herb Doctor, of 194 Liberty street. My coughing, spitting blood, pain in the chest, are all gone. My voice is quite restored. I feel as strong as ever, and from having been reduced to a skeleton, I have gained twenty-one pounds since I commenced taking his medicines.

As I experienced so much benefit from the use of the Indian Herb Doctor's medicines, I feel as though I could not say enough in their favor, still I feel thankful to God, the author and preserver of life, that he has guided me to the Indian Herb Doctor, who has guided me.

MICHAEL CONNOR.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, William C. McCarthy, Mayor, in and for the said city of Pittsburgh, this 29th day of May, A. D., 1867.

WM. C. MCCARTHY, Mayor.

The Doctor's office is No. 194 Liberty street.

CONSUMPTION CURABLE BY A NEW TREATMENT AND THEORY.—The vile destroyer of the parent's hope, this fell monster, the devourer of mankind! There are thousands daily suffering from the early stages of this destroying malady, who could be thoroughly cured while in its infancy, by applying the proper remedies, who, if aware of its fatal effects, would take immediate steps to check it in the bud.

Oh, how many thousands who are but slightly troubled with this irritation of the throat and air passages this day, will be mouldering in the silent dust before the expiration of twelve months, through gross carelessness on their part.

OUR MOTTO.

We use such Balsamsas have no strife
With Nature or the Laws of Life:
With Nature's power and Nature's aid,
Nor poison men to ease their pain.

Our Father, whom all goodness fills,
Provides the means to cure all ills;
The simple herbs he strains for our use
Well used, relieve our pains complete.

A simple Herb, a simple Flower,
Culled from the fields at hour by hour,
These shall speak in touching power,
Of change, and health restored.

The Indian Herb Doctor will describe diseases, and tell his patients the nature of their complaints or illness, without receiving any information from them. No charge for consultation or advice. Office, 194 Liberty street.

NEW BOOKS received at Pittock's opposite the Postoffice, this week: "David Copperfield," Diamond Edition, being the third of Ticknor & Fields's series. "The Rich Husband," by Mrs. Riddle. "Religious Poems," by Harriet Beecher Stowe. "Ecce Deus," Essays on the Life and Doctrine of Jesus Christ, with Controversial Notes on Ecce Homo. "Mosby and his Men," by one of his Officers. "The Good Report," or Morning and Evening Lessons for Lent, by Alice B. Haven. "The Cruise of the Shenandoah," by one of her Officers.

Stereoscopic views of Pittsburgh, Washington City, Pennsylvania Railroad, Paris, New York, Switzerland, New England, the Rhine and Hudson River, Italy, Niagara Falls, English Statuary, Mammoth Cave, South America, Catskill Falls, Cuba, California, New Grenada, Panama and Trenton Falls, Colored Groups, Central Park, Cathedrals, Churches, and model buildings, at Pittock's opposite the Postoffice.

Pittock's is the place (the Postoffice is opposite his place of business), to buy any of the new books you want, newspapers or fine magazines, a gold pen, wallet, purse, pocket-book, pocket-knife, photograph album, Pang's album cards, reward cards, games, &c., &c.

REMOVAL.—Owen Byrne, Merchant Tailor, formerly of 52 St. Clair street, can be found at 14 Wylie street, under Ashland Hall.

THE BEST TONIC.—Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Combination of Iron, Phosphorated and Calisaya, known as Ferro—Phosphorated Elixer of Calisaya. The Iron restores color to the blood; the Phosphorus nourishes the nerves of the body, and the Calisaya gives a natural, healthful tone to the digestive organs.

One pint contains the virtue of one ounce of Calisaya, and one teaspoonful a grain of Iron and Phosphorus.

Manufactured by Caswell, Mack & Co., New York. For sale by all druggists. 8*

JUST RECEIVED.—A fine assortment of cheap Spring flowers at Abel & Co.'s, No. 54 St. Clair street.

### Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—This afternoon, the always acceptable play of the "Three Guardsmen," will be performed. In the evening, Miss Kate Reignolds will make her last appearance this season, when will be produced the new sensation play, "The Queen of the Silver Ivy," the entertainment closing with the last three acts of "London Assurance." This is a very attractive bill for Saturday evening, and should cause an overflowing audience to be present.

On Monday evening the charming young actress, Miss Emilie Melville, will appear as "Fanchon."

VARIETIES THEATER.—Manager Myers announces a capital bill for this evening's performance—a melo-drama, new songs, dances, acrobatic feats, minstrelsy and a budget of comicalities.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.—MUSHROOM IMITATIONS.—Success is the "prevalent cradle" of innumerable humbugs. No sooner had HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS made their mark in the world than up sprang a host of imitations, and as the great restorative grew and spread, the pestiferous crop of poisonous mockeries thickened. But the true medicine has lived them down. One by one they have disappeared. When the bellows of puffery, which kept alive the feeble fire of their borrowed reputation, ceased to blow, they ceased to live, and thus they continue to come and go. Meanwhile, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, the great protective and remedial tonic of the age, have progressed in equanimity and succeeding year. Their success as a means of preventing and curing the diseases resulting from malaria, unwholesome water, and all unhealthy climatic influences, has been boundless; and as a remedy for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Fever and Ague, General Weakness and Debility, and all complaints originating in Indigestion, they are now admitted to be superior to any other preparation ever advertised or prescribed. From the home market, to which a few years ago they were confined, their sale has been extended into every State in this Union, over the whole of South and Central America, Mexico, the West Indies, the Sandwich Islands, Australia, China and Japan. Home and foreign testimony show that HOSTETTER'S BITTERS are the most remarkable tonic and invigorant now before the world.

## DIED:

GIBSON—At two o'clock, Friday morning, March 22d, WM. GIBSON, Sr., in the 81st year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his son, No. 211 Locock street, Allegheny city, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CHAMBERS—On Thursday, March 21st, DAVID M. CHAMBERS, aged 13 years and 3 months, son of J. B. and Matilda Chambers.

The funeral will take place THIS AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, Fulton street, near Ohio avenue, Manchester. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Carriages will leave W. H. Devore's, 104 Grant street, at 1½ o'clock, P. M.


WHEELER & WILSON'S
Sewing Machines
ARE THE BEST.
Call and see them in operation at SUMNER & CO'S 87 Fifth street.


### IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

**Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.**

Shoenberger & Blair, 11 cars iron ore; Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co., 4 cars coyalite; Wm. Kirkpatrick & Co., 2 bbls tar; Walker & Co., 25 bbls rosin; Schomaker & Lang, 15 bbls vinegar; Hieacock, McCreary & Co., 184 bags rye; A. Koch, 75 bbls produce; J B Mc Laughlin & Co., 30 bxs cassi; Atwood & McCague, 1 pump and 2 pcs pipe; S Hathaway, 25 sks rye; B Brueggman, 8 bbls apples, 2 do eggs; Wm Bingham, 27 sks oats; A Garrison & Co, 1 pack milk; Carson, Darlington & Co., 4 bx bolts; Jas McGuinness, 1 cars oats; H Rea, dr, 1 bbl butter; S Huber, 100 jugs lards, 5 do lard; Lewis & Thomas, 200 bbls flour; E H Rhodes, 4 bbls butter; Vangorder & Shephard, 3 bbls butter and eggs; L H Voigt & Co., 2 bbls eggs, 3 pkgs produce; John McGrewoghaw, lot of household goods; Munhall & McGraw, 4 bbls vinegar; Atwell, Lee & Co., 7 pkgs produce; Bedford Chair Co., 87 bdls chairs, 21 do rockers; W D Patterson, 3 bxs New Orleans sugar; John Bigham, 1 bbl whisky; Wm Bingham, Sturgeon & Bro, 12 bbls green apples; J Mc Alpin, 1 sk clover seed; Jas Conner, 15 bbls malls; W H Kirkpatrick, 3 do do, 100 bbls flour; Head & Metzgar, 16 pkgs produce; Graham & Thomas, 200 bbls flour; E H Myers & Co, 10 do do; S Floyd & Co, 100 do do.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Zinkand & Andrew, 3 bbls lard; H T Kennedy & Bro., 1 car wheat; Smith & Co., 7 empty ale bbls; Beckfield & Nichols, 10 bxs soap; Schmitz, Son & Co., 2 bbls lard; John Herlacy, 5 bbls eggs; A Hespenger, 1 boiler, 1 fly wheel, etc.

**Pitts. Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.**

L H Voigt & Co, 4 bbls apples, 1 do cider, 1 bbl butter, 4 bxs seeds, 2 pkgs hides; Smith, Jenkins & Co, 12 kegs apple butter, 12 kegs butter, 400 bbls flour; J Ackerman, 1 half bbl butter; Bell, Dickson & Co, 1 box sundries; McCullough, Smith & Co, 7 sks rags; E H Edmundson & Co, 2 car loads hides; C E Phillis, 30 sks timothy seed, 1 do dried apples, 1 bdle brooms; J Flood & Co, 1 bbl butter, 15 sides meat, 15 shoulders, 15 hams; Vains, Dallas and Entered a cross-suit against Martin for keeping a disorderly gambling house on the corner of Duquesne Way and Muldoch's alley, in the Fourth ward. The matter was settled to the peace. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

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7-80 BONDS,
CONVERTED INTO
NEW 5-20'S OF 1865,
On Government Terms, Without Charge.
BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Corner FOURTH and WOOD STS.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.
Having made special arrangements with JAY COOKE & CO., our correspondents, we are prepared to convert SEVEN-THIRTIES into
5-20 Bonds of 1865,
WITHOUT CHARGE.
BONDS ON HAND FOR DELIVERY.
IRA B. McVAY & CO., Bankers,
COR. OF FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.


## FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, March 22, 1867.

—The nearer the time approaches for the appearance of the quarterly statements of the National Banks, the more stringent becomes the money market. An impression prevails in some quarters that these statements of Banks represent the average or their condition for the three months, and that consequently there is no inducement for the Banks to make preparations for a good showing at the beginning of April. The supposition is erroneous. The Bank law reads thus: "Every association shall to make the Comptroller of the Currency a report, according to the form which may be prescribed by him, verified by the oath of affirmation of President or Cashier of such Association, which report shall exhibit in detail and under appropriate heads the resources and liabilities of the Association before the commencement of business on the morning of the first Monday of the months of January, April, July and October of each year."

—The quotations from the New York Stock Exchange of S. S. Bryan to-day were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| U. S. Bonds, 6s | 104½ |
| U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, 1862 | 107 |
| U. S. Bonds (new issue) 5-20's, 1865 | 107 |
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| U. S. Bonds, 10-40s | 100½ |
| Michigan Southern | 79½ |
| Cleveland & Pittsburgh | 86 |
| P., F. Wayne & Chicago | 86 |
| Erie | 58 |
| Chicago & Rock Island | 93 |
| Chicago & Northwestern | 33½ |
| Chicago & Northwestern preferred | 73½ |
| New York Central | 104½ |

—The New York *Commercial* remarks, that the sharp competition between the old express companies and the Mercantile Union Company produces more than usual interest in that class of stocks. All the companies are understood to be running at a loss; and as the Merchants' Union is a young institution, the conclusion in the public mind is that the Company must be suffering severely, and that the calls upon stockholders beyond what was anticipated are due to that cause. The inability of some of the subscribers to pay up the calls causes a steady supply of the stock to come upon the market, and keeps down the price. The following are the current quotations for the stock of the several companies:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Adams | 56 | 58 |
| American | 90 | 95 |
| Merchants' | 22 | 25 |
| Wells, Fargo & Co | 50 | 60 |
| National | 14 | 16 |
| Merchants' Union | 14 | 16 |

—The demand for money in the large cities is increased just now by reason of the numerous applications for means from the interior banks. The first of April has, for many years past, been a day when the year's business has been called on most largely; and they usually, under the old State bank system, met the demand by a fresh issue of bank notes, scattering broadcast over the country, there to remain from home the better, as they were the longer getting back, to the greater profit to the bank. That mode of making currency at pleasure is stopped under the National Banking Law, and the only resource by which banks can increase or retain their city balances and borrow as much more from the city banks as they can arrange for or their credit command. The amount that will be taken from the city banks by the interior banks of the present month will be large, though much less than will be asked for. Nearly every country bank is, or will be, on the market, for funds, and every country house we understand, are asking accommodations to the amount of a million of dollars. The recent bank failures and the large drafts made by the Government upon their depositories have awakened a deal of caution in banking circles. Consequently there is a growing disposition to get back to legitimate banking—to the discounting of short-time paper based on the exchange of property, the product of labor and sales. This is the rule, have their lines full of Government securities, and do not care to increase it. For these reasons the country banks will probably not be less than liberal, and the supply will not be a denial, in turn, of accommodations to some extent to their customers, with corresponding stringency in the "money market" in the city of Philadelphia, however, is not likely to be of greater severity than has been necessary as a wholesome admonition to be prepared to meet whatever course the present dull and languid market may take.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

—The quarterly statements of the National Banks show a steady decrease in the surplus of reserve, and should teach people to be as free of bank loans as possible, in view of the contraction in bank credits which must inevitably take place under the retirement of plain legal tenders and the funding of the 7-30 and compound notes. The following table will show the surplus of reserves in the New York City Banks since December 30, 1865, when the banks commenced to contract their loans, at 1103 per cent. call loans to the Treasury, and made for themselves the strongest arrangement of their items:

| | Dec. 30, '65. | Mar. 19, '66. |
|---|---|---|
| Specie | $ 23,204,300 | $ 20,111,900 |
| Legal Tenders | 71,345,700 | 60,492,700 |
| Reserve | $ 96,466,700 | $ 83,418,000 |
| 25 per cent on Deposits and Circulation | 81,860,885 | 76,135,479 |
| Surplus | $ 14,662,800 | $ 7,282,507 |
| | Dec. 15, '66. | Mar. 16, '67. |
| Specie | $ 18,429,100 | $ 17,811,200 |
| Legal Tender | 63,994,300 | 57,462,700 |
| Reserve | $ 77,985,900 | $ 72,781,752 |
| 25 percent on Deposits and Circulation | 79,668,981 | 77,462,360 |
| Surplus | $ 18,621,328 | $ 14,912,972 |
| Decrease of surplus in the year | | $ 16,363,173 |

The future movements will show a more rapid contraction through the reduction of compound legal tenders. When the compounds begin to mature and pass into funded debt, as they will, instead of being paid in currency in full, as speculative borrowers hope, there will be a very large relief to the money market, with the usual effect upon operations, speculators and borrowers of all degrees.—*New York Tribune of Wednesday.*

## PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, March 22, 1867.

On account of the disagreeable state of the weather, there was not as much activity in the general markets, the past day or so, as there would have been had it been otherwise. Country roads are very bad and country people will not venture out until compelled by necessity. There is, however, a fair trade doing in leading articles of produce. Flour is active and held with much firmness. What little we have heard from the oil regions is mostly at the advanced prices. Rye is excited and advancing. Corn and oats are in better demand and held at higher figures. There is a good demand for Groceries. Choice coffee is rather scarce, but a good supply of prime in the market. Sugars are still in active demand for consumption. In some descriptions of groceries, higher prices are anticipated before long. There are considerable transactions in bacon and lard, and an advance in prices is reported.

The receipts per river and railroad, since our last, were as follows: Flour, 2,502 bbls; apples, 48 bbls; corn, 650 sacks; barley, 245 sacks; wheat, 183 sacks; rye, 237 sacks; oats, 602 sacks; butter, 103 packages, and bulk; hay, 10 tons, 1,270 pieces.

We quote the Pittsburgh market as follows, which are the wholesale prices, unless otherwise stated:

APPLES—Sales reported of 10 tons pearlash at 13c, and 20 tons soda ash at 5¼c ₱ lb.

APPLES—Sales were made at lower figures. 40 bbls sold at $2 50@3 25 for good to prime, and 15 bbls choice repacked at $3 75 per bbl. We note sales of 20 bbls at $2 62; 10 bbls at $3 00, and 3 bbls at $4 00 ₱ barrel.

BROOMS—We note sales of 30 doz No. 2 at $2 50 ₱ dozen.

BUTTER—Sales of 7 kegs apple butter at 75c ₱ gallon, reported.

BEANS.—We note sales of prime Navy, in small lots at $2 75@3 00 per bushel.

BUTTER—The best grades of fresh butter are still scarce, and commands good prices. We note sales of 5 lbs at 39c; 3 kegs at 36@36½c; 1,500 lbs roll at 32@ 36c; 5 half bbls roll at 32c, and 10 bbls low grade at 15 @25c ₱ lb. Also, 1 bbl extra prime at 42c ₱ lb; 14 kegs prime roll at 38c; 600 lbs roll at 37c ₱ lb; 3 pkgs and 2 do at 35@36c ₱ lb.

BACON AND LARD—We quote sugar-cured hams at 15@16c; shoulders, 10@c; sides, 12c. Dried beef, 22c. Lard, 13c. Sales 40 kegs, country lard, at 11½c ₱ lb, and 1,500 lbs sugar-cured hams at 15½c, reported.

HAMS' TONGUES—We quote selling at $10 00@10 50 ₱ dozen.

CHEESE—Sales reported of 50 boxes H. cheese at 13c; 10 boxes N. Y. Goshen at 22c; 12 boxes Ohio at 14c, and 10 boxes do at 16c; 6 do Goshen at 24c ₱ lb.

DRIED FRUITS—We note sales of 10 bbls choice peaches at 20c ₱ lb for halves, and 1,600 lbs common dried apples at 7c ₱ lb.

FEATHERS—We quote the best, from store, at 65 ₱ lb. Sales of 125 lbs at that figure.

FISH—We note sales of 10 half bbls L. H. at $4 25, and 10 do at $4 25.

FLOUR—There is a continued active demand, and holders are firm at $12 50@12 75 for good spring, and $12 50@13 00 ₱ bbl for choice. We quote white wheat flour $14@15, and fancy $16 50@17 ₱ bbl. We note sales of 100 bbls low grade spring at $11 50; 100 choice do at $12 50@13 00 ₱ bbl; 50 bbls amber low at $12 40.

RYE FLOUR—Sales reported of 75 barrels at $7 40 ₱ barrel